

OSOYOO Mecanum Wheel Robotic Car Kit V2 for Arduino



INTRODUCTION

Mecanum wheels, also known as omni wheels or Ilon wheels, consist of a hub with rollers oriented 45° to the axis of rotation. The mecanum wheels are wheel hubs fitted with integrated rollers that move passively and independently.

Depending on which wheels rotate in which direction, the platform will move forward, backward, sideways, diagonally, or spin in place. This range of maneuverability enables the omni platform to efficiently navigate any space, particularly around tight corners, narrow lanes, and complex pathways.

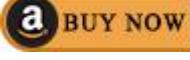
This Arduino omini direction robot car learning kit is developed our Japan and Canada engineer team. It has all features a traditional Arduino Robot car should have, including remote control by bluetooth, IoT through wifi, line tracking, obstacle avoidance auto driving and object follow. With the help of powerful mecanum wheels, the car can make much more complicated movement such as sideway shifting and diagonally movement controlled by cell phone APP.

The kit comes with OSOYOO Mega2560 board (fully compatible with Arduino Mega2560) and OSOYOO WiFi shield. Besides, we have designed five step by step lessons which help students to learn Arduino robot programming from scratch. If you are an experience DIY player or Arduino programmer, you can also get a lot of knowledge from this kit's open source code and hardware to make interesting DIY project of your own.

Download PDF Tutorial: <https://osoyoo.com/manual/2021006600-2026.pdf>

OSOYOO Robot car installation video: <https://osoyoo.com/manual/2021006600.html>

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Lesson 1 Basic Robot Car Assembly

INTRODUCTION

Mecanum omni direction wheel is a very interesting wheel which allows robot car make omni-directional movement (e.g. parallel shift to left and right).

In this project, we will show how to use Arduino to control an osoyoo brand mecanum wheel robot car to make some basic movement including go forward, backward, left turn, right turn, parallel left shift, parallel right shift etc.

This lesson also shows you how to install the chassis of this car and connect Arduino control signal wires to model Y board. This installation will be the start point of our other lessons.

PARTS & DEVICES

OSOYOO Mecanum wheels robotic car chassis x1

OSOYOO Wheels and motors x4 (left-wheels x2/right-wheels x2)

OSOYOO Mega2560 board fully compatible with Arduino UNO/Mega2560 x1

OSOYOO Uart Wifi shield x1

OSOYOO Model Y Motor driver board

OSOYOO Voltage meter x1

OSOYOO Battery box x1

OSOYOO 6pin male to female jumper wire x2

OSOYOO 3pin female to female jumper wire x1

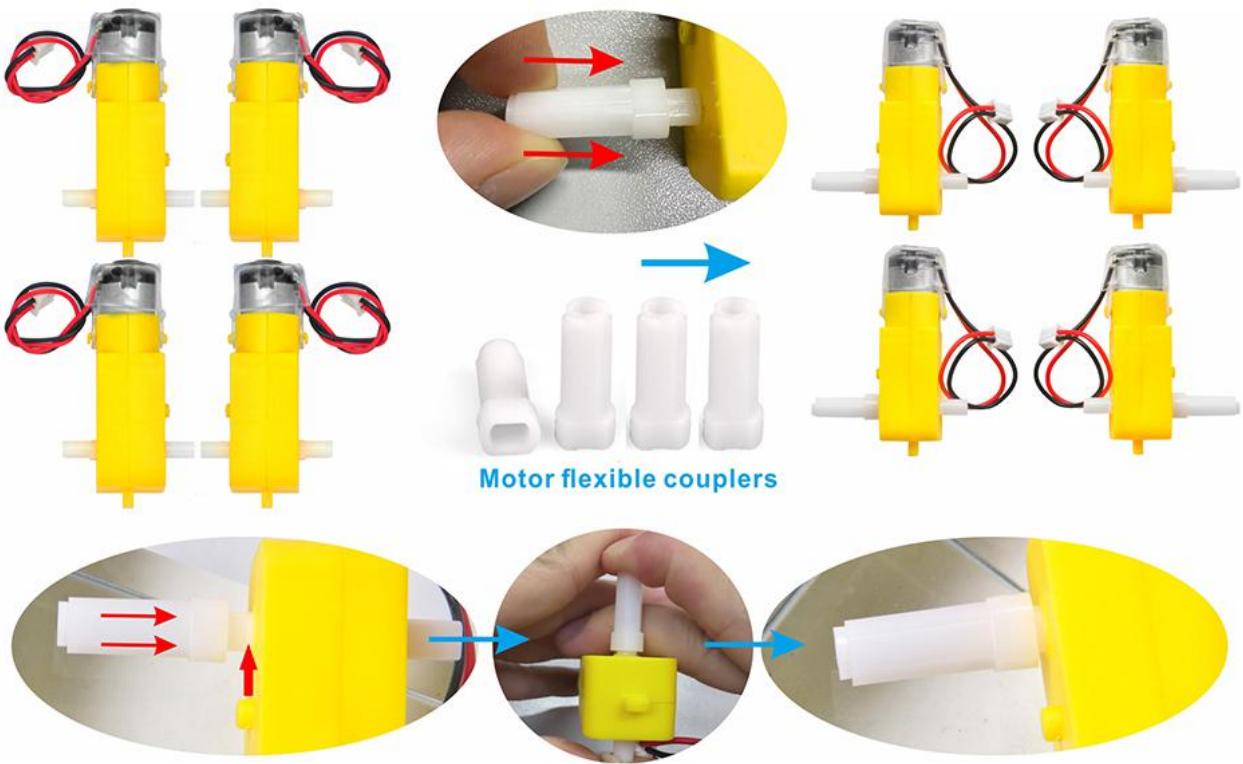
OSOYOO 2 pin PnP female to female x1

18650 Batteries(3.7V) x2

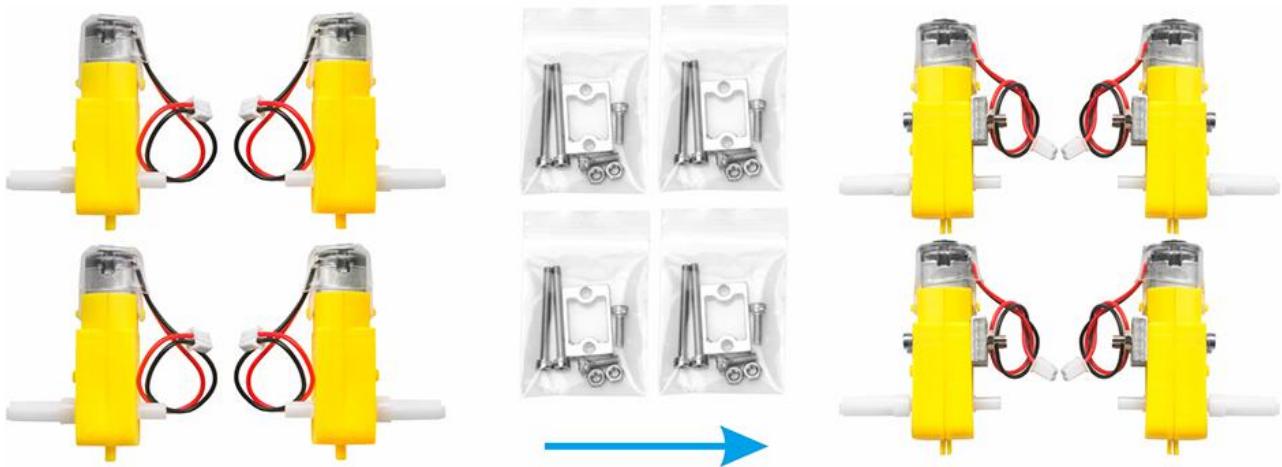
Battery charger x1

HARDWARE INSTALLATION

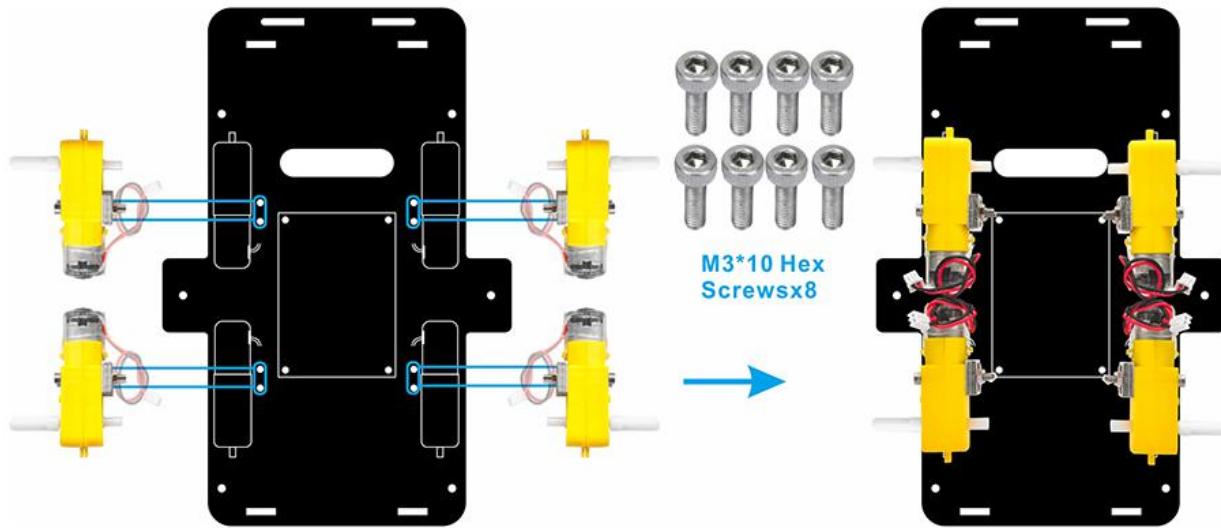
Step1. Please install the white coupling onto the yellow motor according to the steps shown in the image, ensuring that the coupling is inserted all the way to the base.



Step2. Attach the 4 motors using the metal motor holders as shown. (Please ensure the motor orientation is correct before installing the metal motor holders.)



Step3. Secure the 4 motors to the lower car chassis using M3*10 hex screws and a hex screwdriver, as shown in the image. (The screws required for this step are included in the metal motor holder package.)

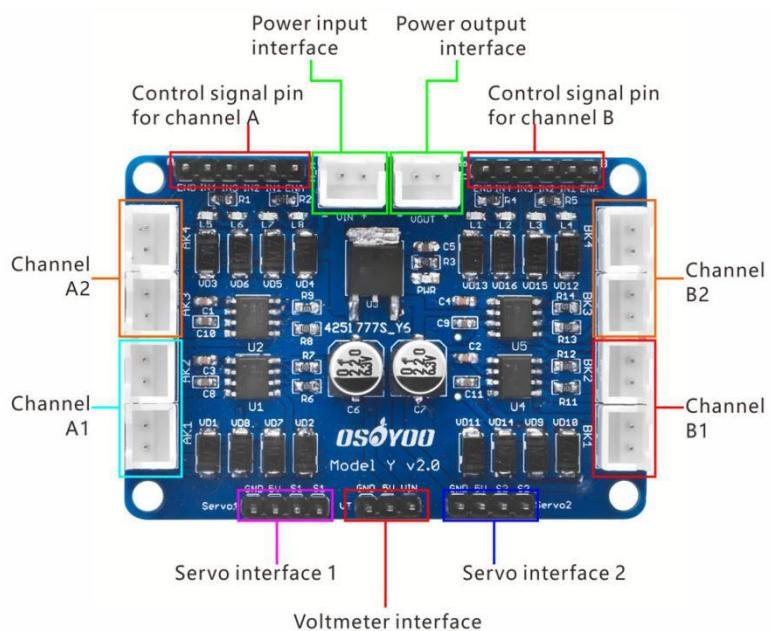


Step4. Mount the OSOYOO Model Y driver board onto the lower car chassis using 4 M3 plastic screws, plastic pillars, and plastic nuts (It is recommended to install the plastic pillar with the male end facing downward.) . Connect the 4 motors to the K1 and K3 sockets on the Model Y motor driver board, as shown in the diagram.

There are two installation modes for plastic pillars:

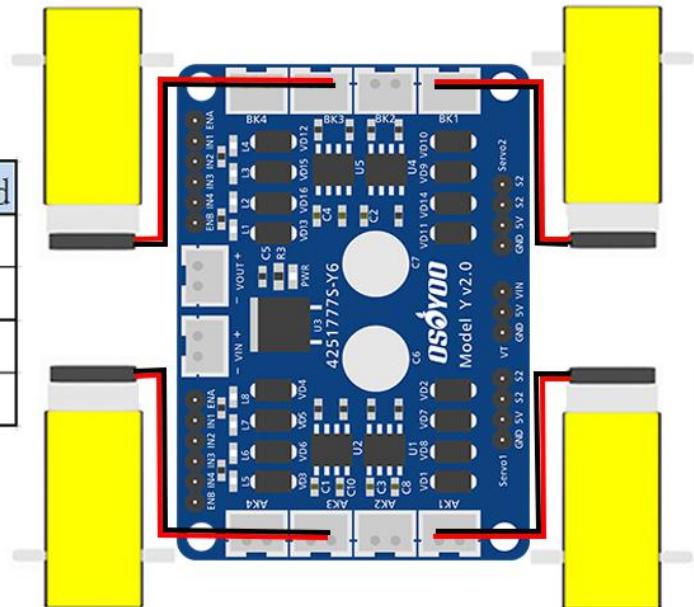
- A. The male end of the plastic pillar faces downward.
- B. The male end of the plastic pillar faces upward.

About Model Y V2.0 H-Bridge 4-Channel Motor Driver: <https://osoyoo.com/?p=46344>

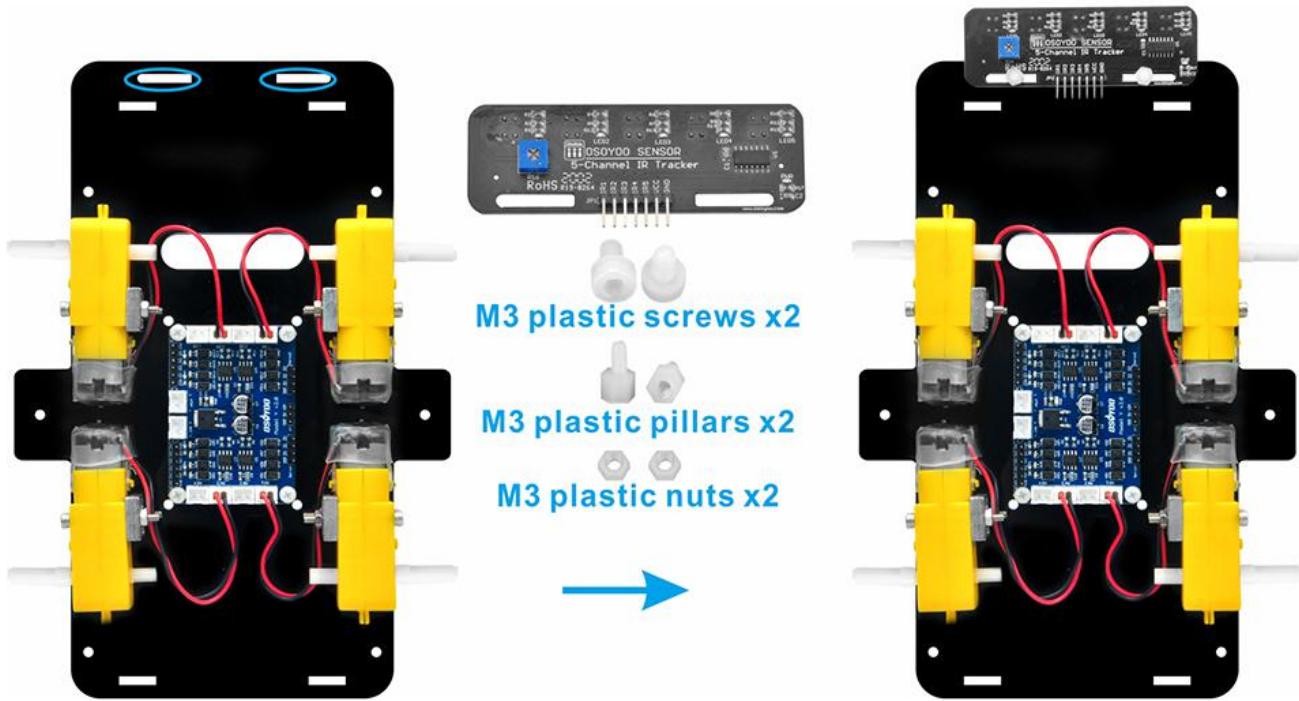




Wheel Motor	Model Y board
Front-right wheel motor	BK1
Front-left wheel motor	BK3
Rear-right wheel motor	AK1
Rear-left wheel motor	AK3

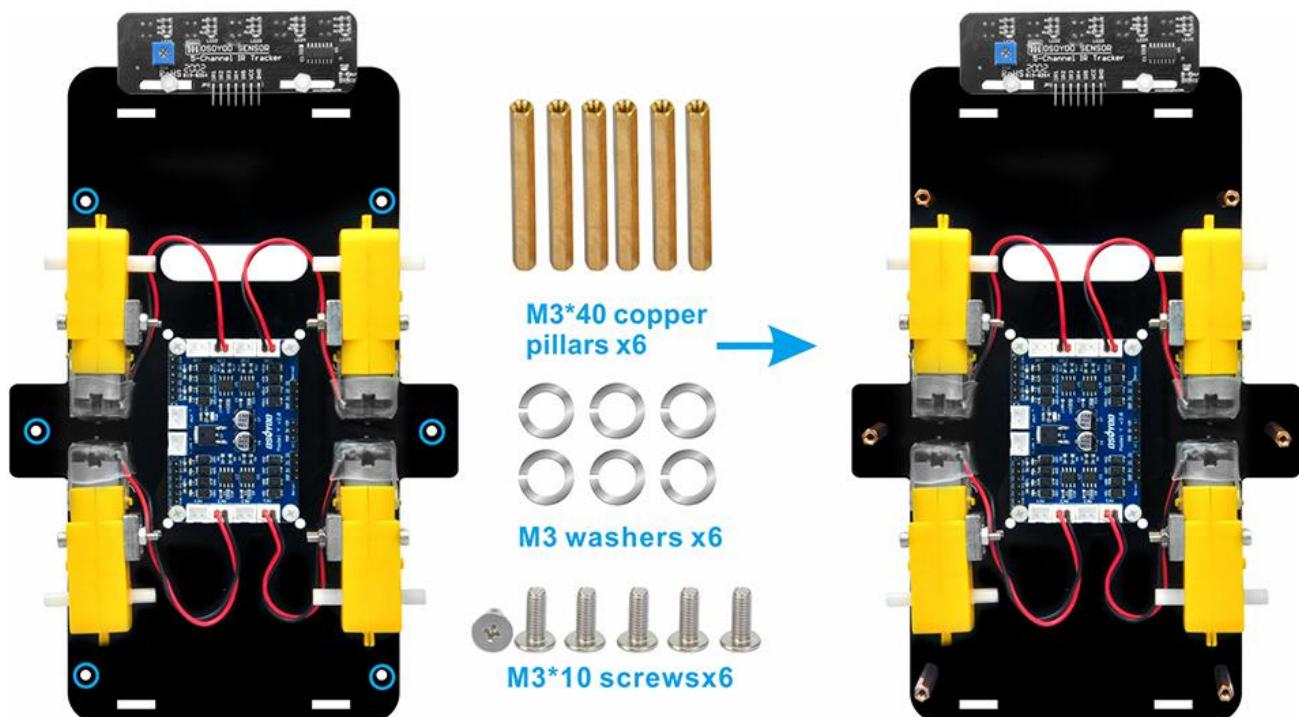


Step5. Attach the tracking sensor module to the lower chassis using two M3 plastic screws, two M3 plastic pillars, and two M3 plastic nuts (**It is recommended to install the plastic pillar with the male end facing upward**). Ensure the sensor is securely fixed and properly aligned for accurate functionality.



Step6. Attach six M3*40 copper pillars to the lower chassis using six M3*10 screws and six M3 washers. Ensure the pillars are firmly fixed to provide stable support for the upper chassis.

Slide the washer onto the screw, a washer distributes screw pressure and improves stability when securing screws into metal pillars.



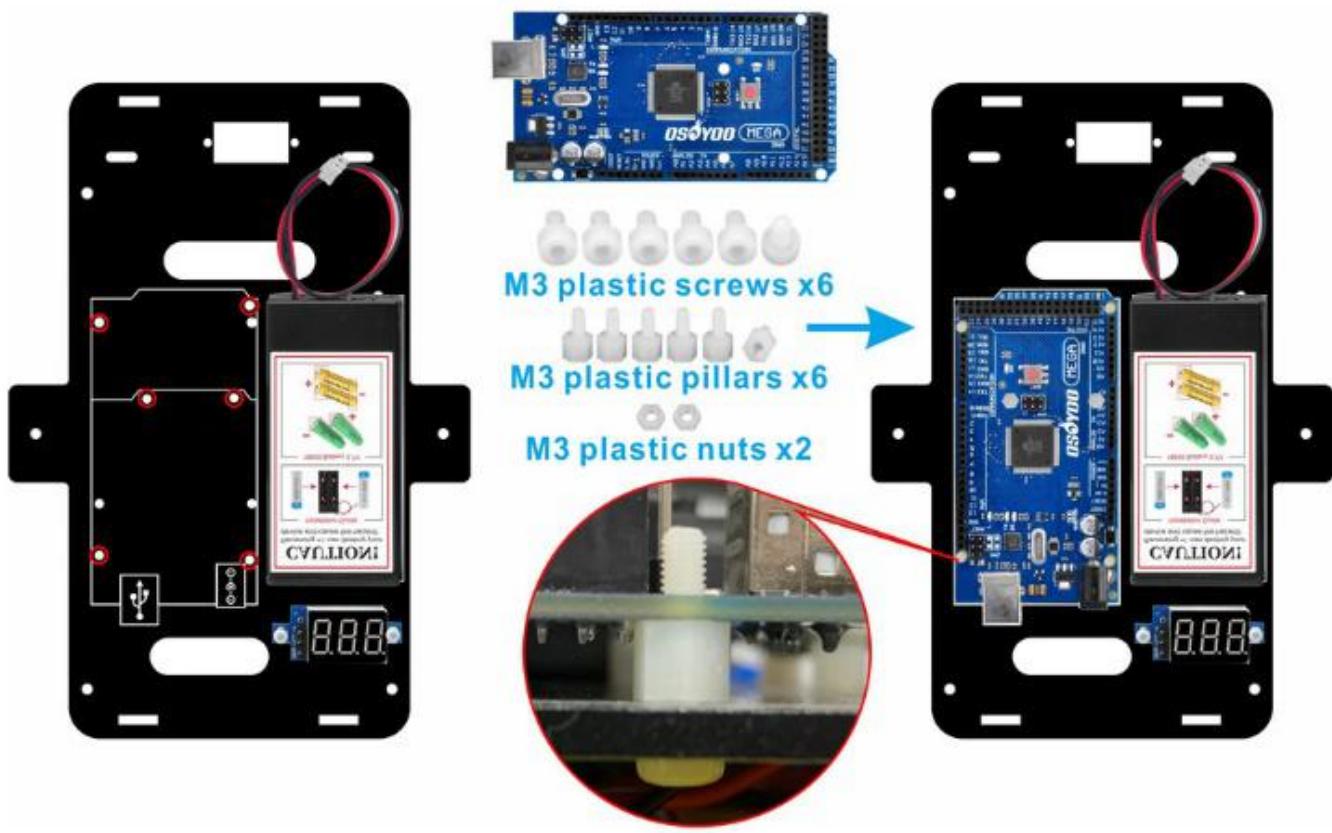
Step7. Use M3*10 screws and M3 nuts to attach the battery box to the designated markings on the upper chassis.



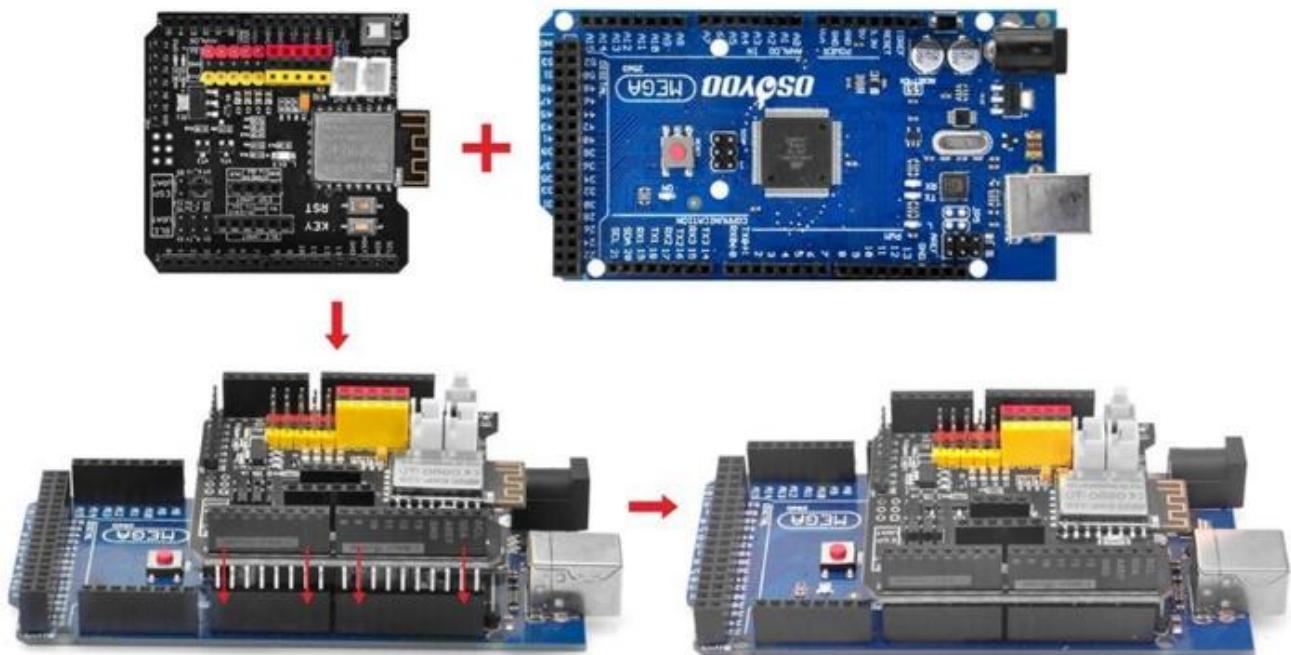
Step8. Attach the voltage meter to the designated markings on the lower chassis using two M3 plastic screws, two M3 plastic pillars, and two M3 plastic nuts. (It is recommended to install the plastic pillar with the male end facing upward.)



Step9. Fix OSOYOO Mega2560 board on upper car chassis with 6pcs M3 plastic screws, 6pcs plastic pillars and 2pcs plastic nuts. (Please install mega2560 board at the side with printing.)



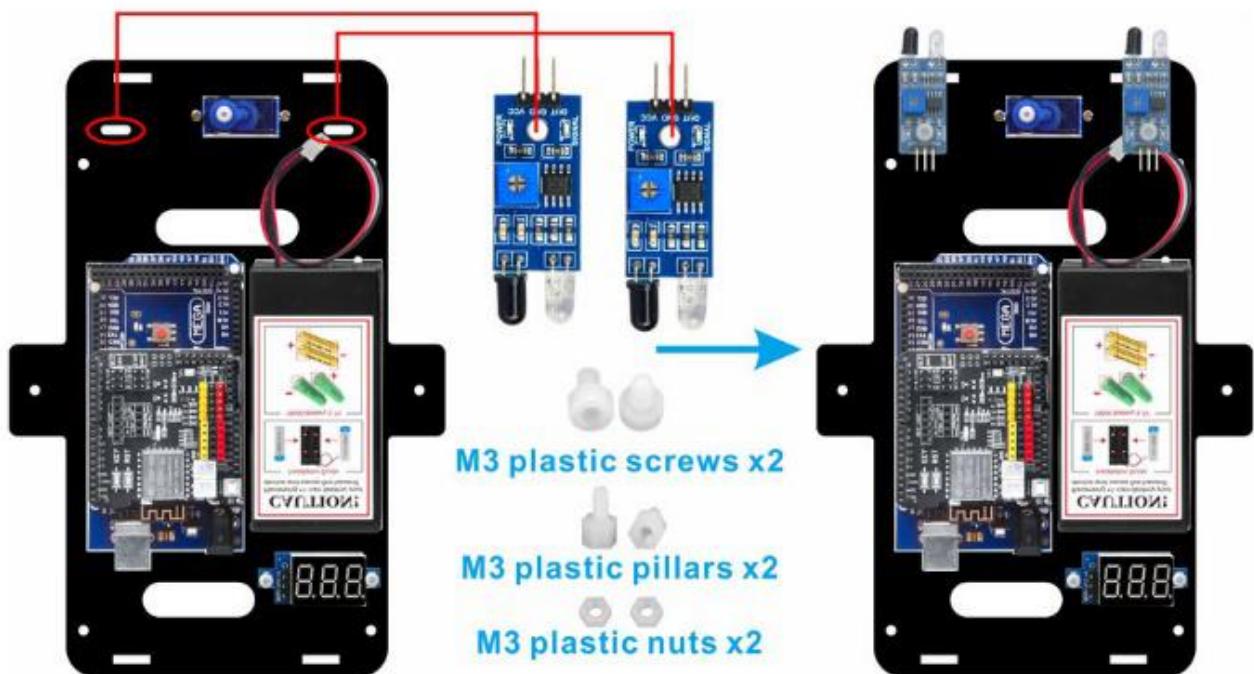
Insert the OSOYOO UART WiFi Shield into the Mega2560 board. Ensure it is properly aligned and securely connected to establish a stable communication interface



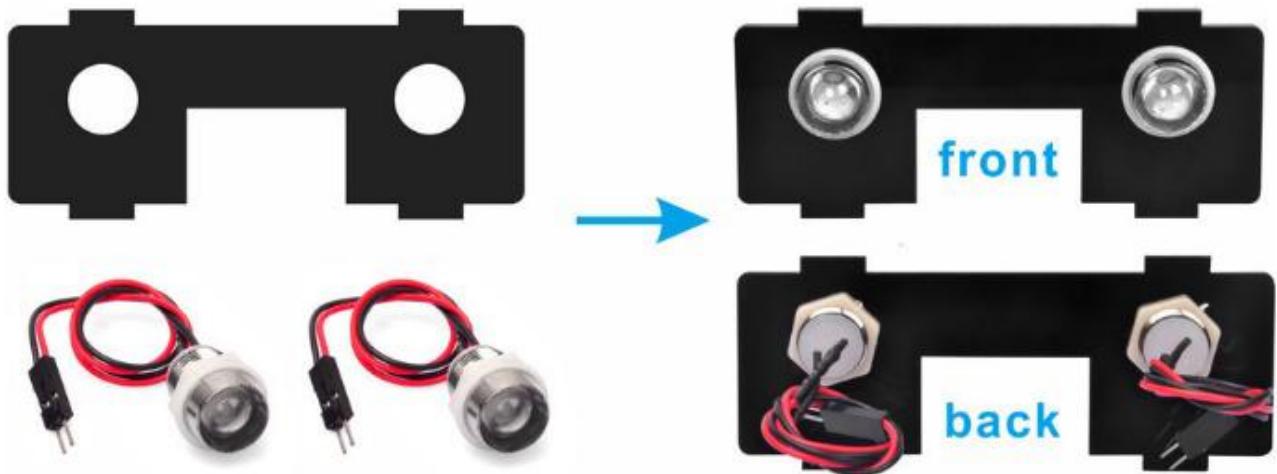
Step10. Using two M2.2*8 self-tapping screws, mount the servo motor at the front of the upper chassis.



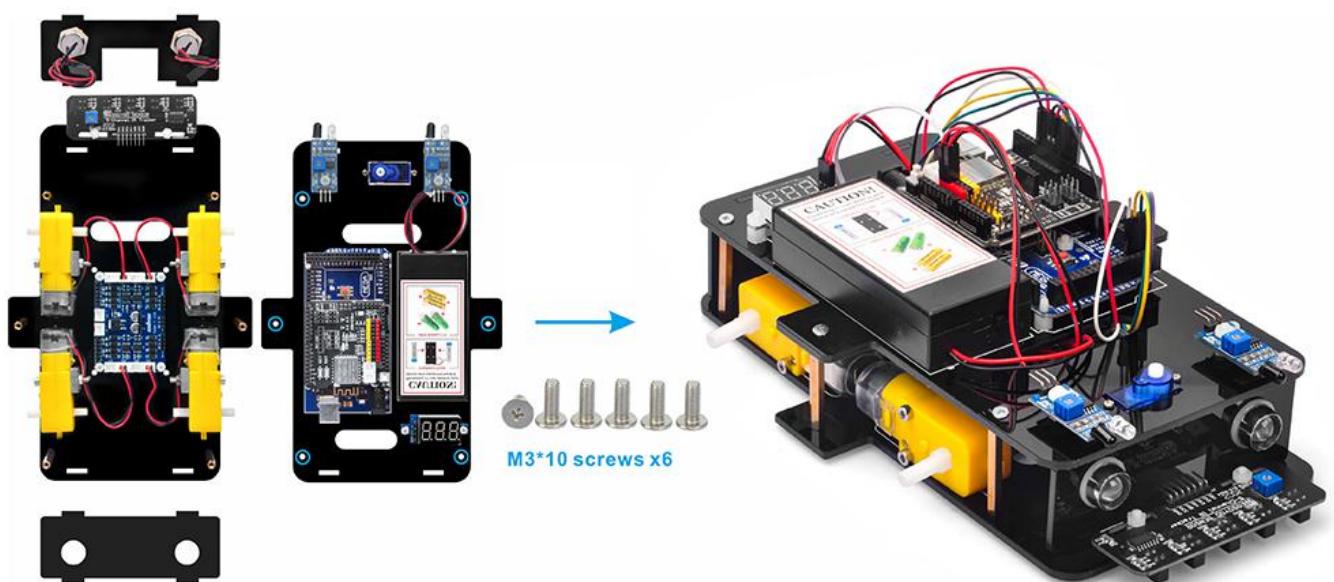
Step11. Attach two IR distance sensors to the front of the upper chassis using two M3 plastic screws, M3 plastic pillars, and M3 plastic nuts. To secure the sensors tightly, It is recommended to install the plastic pillar with the male end facing upward.



Step12. Mount two LED lights onto the front barrier plate as shown in the diagram.



Step13. Ensure all necessary circuit connections are completed before assembling the upper and lower chassis.

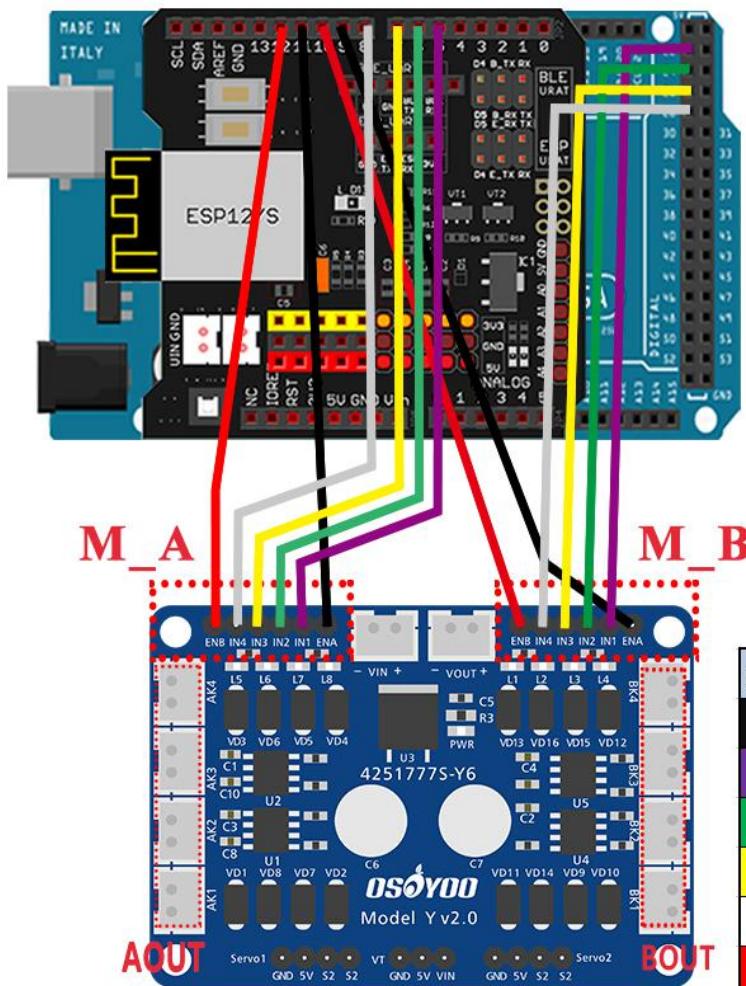
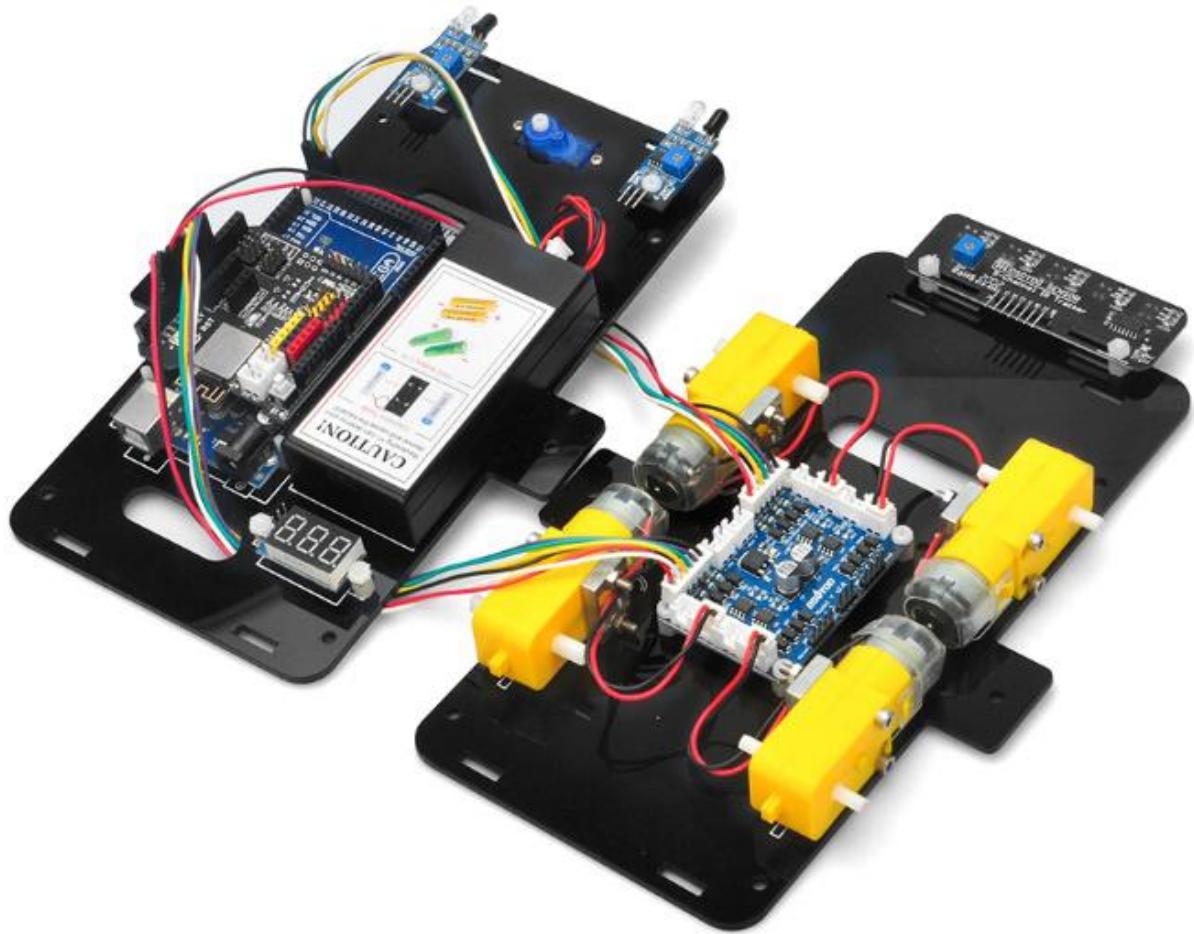


Step14. Connect the OSOYOO Model Y Board to the UART WiFi board.

Use two 6-pin male-to-female jumper wires to connect the OSOYOO Model Y board to the UART WiFi shield as shown in the diagram:

Route the 6-pin wires in Area M_B through the hole near the SG90 servo.

Route the 6-pin wires in Area M_A through the hole near the voltage meter.



2pcs 6pin male to female wires

Model Y board	Uart Wifi Shield
M_A ENA	D11
M_A IN1	D5
M_A IN2	D6
M_A IN3	D7
M_A IN4	D8
M_A ENB	D12

Model Y board	Uart Wifi Shield	Mega2560 board
M_B ENA	D9	/
M_B IN1	/	D22
M_B IN2	/	D24
M_B IN3	/	D26
M_B IN4	/	D28
M_B ENB	D10	/

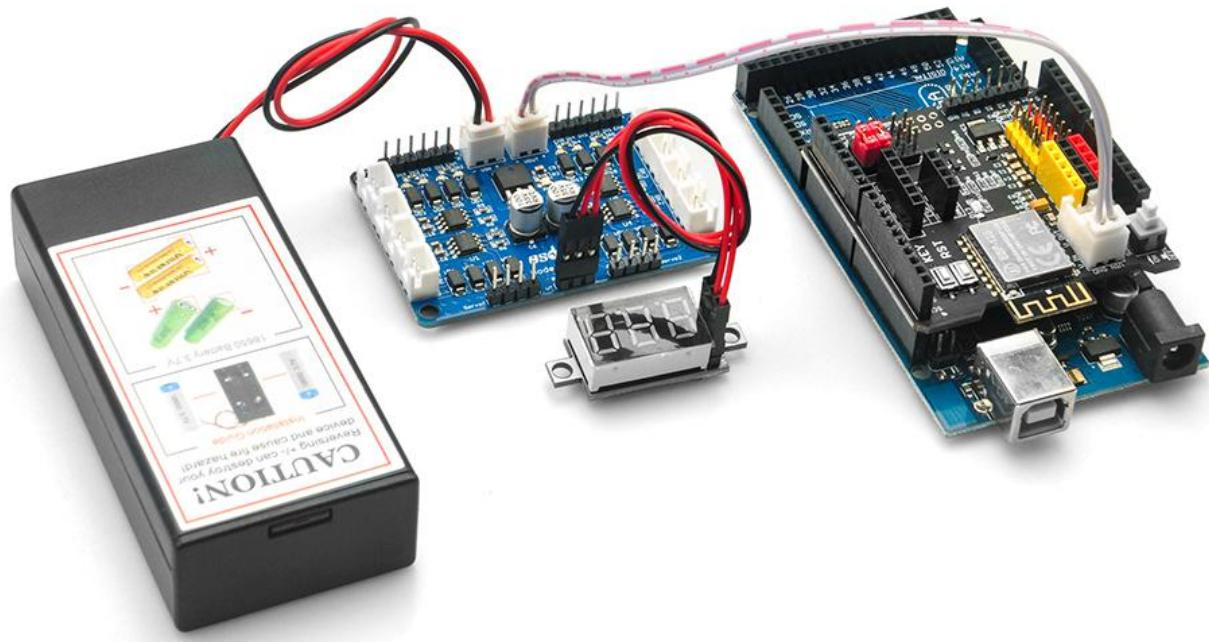
Caution:

When insert/remove this 6-pin plug into Model Y 6-pin male socket, please hold the plastic pin-holder to do operation. Never drag the wires to pull the plug out of the socket, otherwise it will damage the wires.

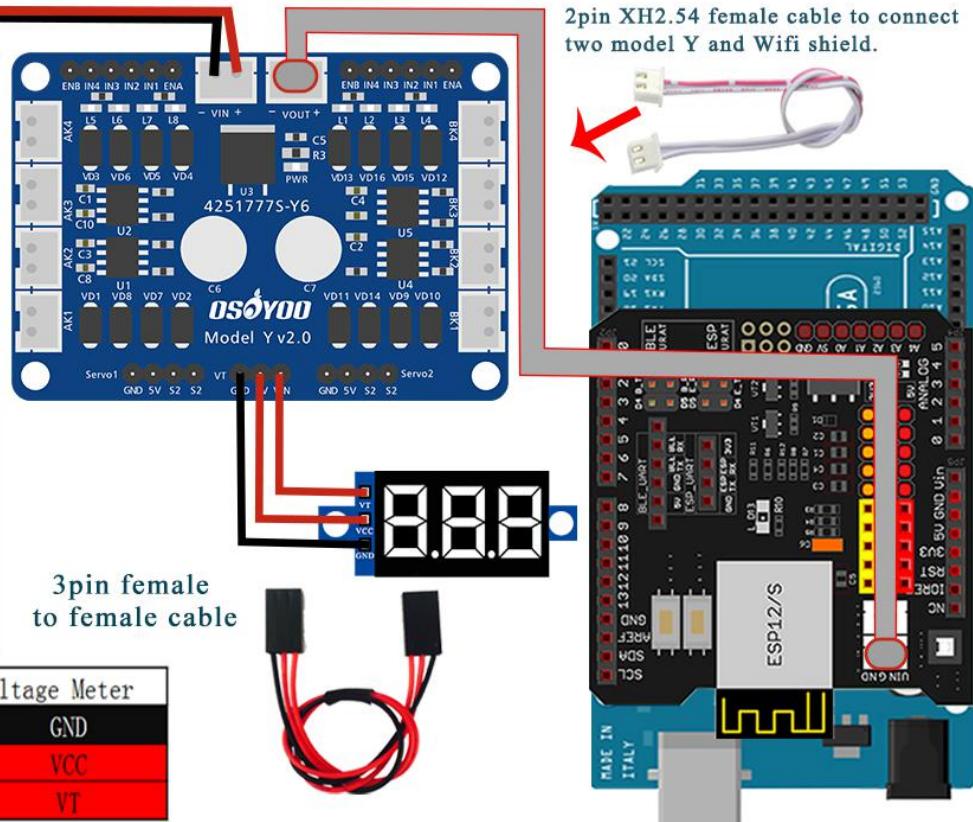
Step15. Connect the voltage meter to the OSOYOO Model Y board using a 3-pin female-to-female jumper wire as shown in the connection diagram.

Connect the battery box to the VIN socket of the OSOYOO Model Y board according to the diagram.

Connect the VOUT socket of the OSOYOO Model Y board to the VIN socket of the WiFi shield using a 2-pin PnP cable as illustrated.

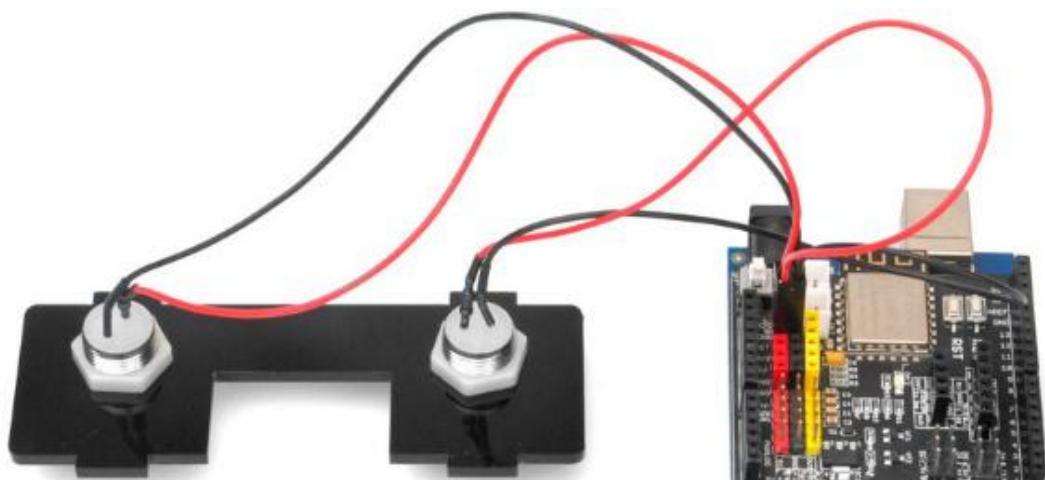


18650 Battery box



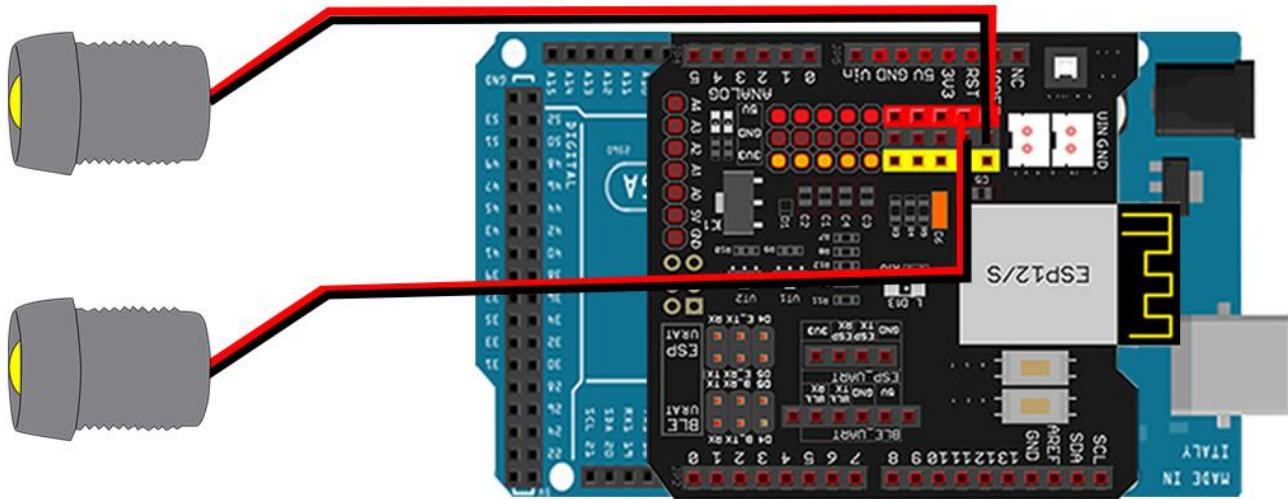
Step16. Mount 2 LED lights on the front transverse diaphragm.

Connect the red wires (VCC) of the LED lights to the 3V or 5V pins, and the black wires (GND) to the GND pins on the UART WiFi shield.



Right LED Light	Uart Wifi Shield
VCC (Red)	3V/5V
GND (Black)	GND
Left LED Light	Uart Wifi Shield
VCC (Red)	3V/5V
GND (Black)	GND





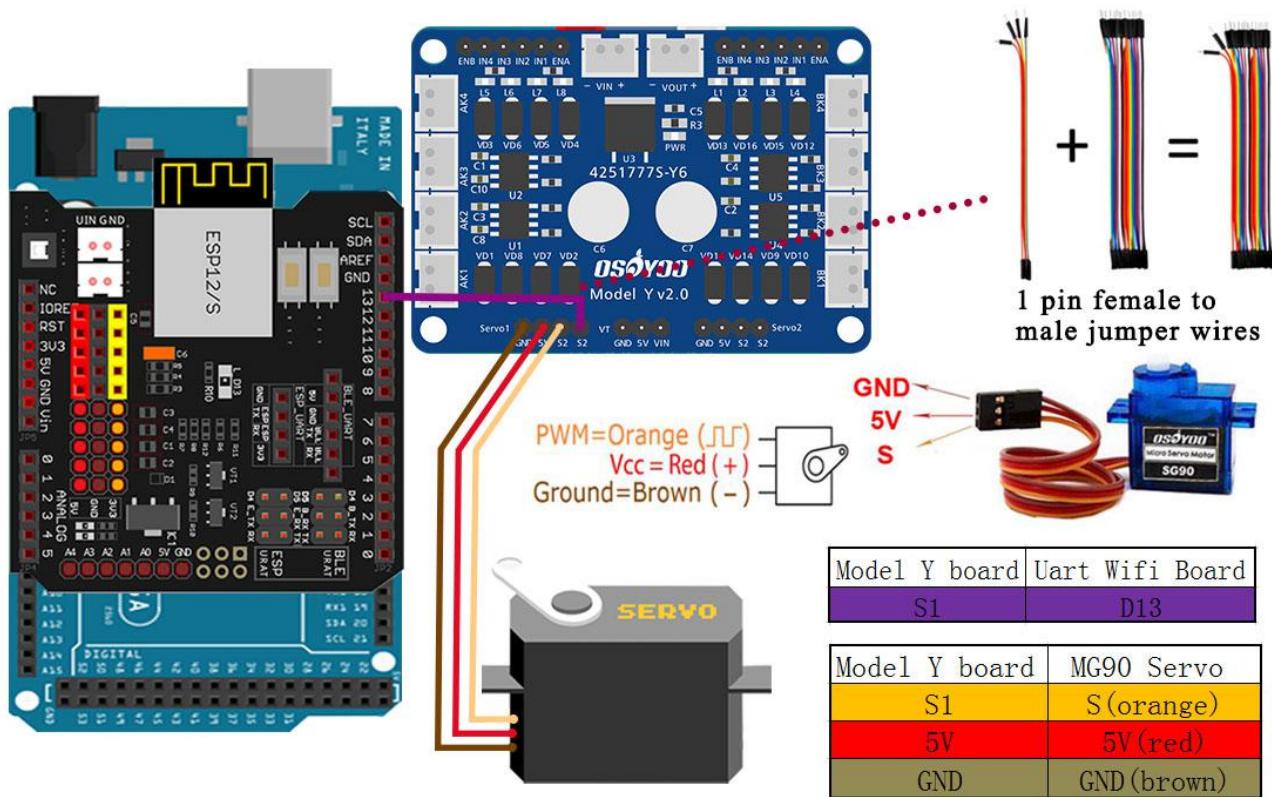
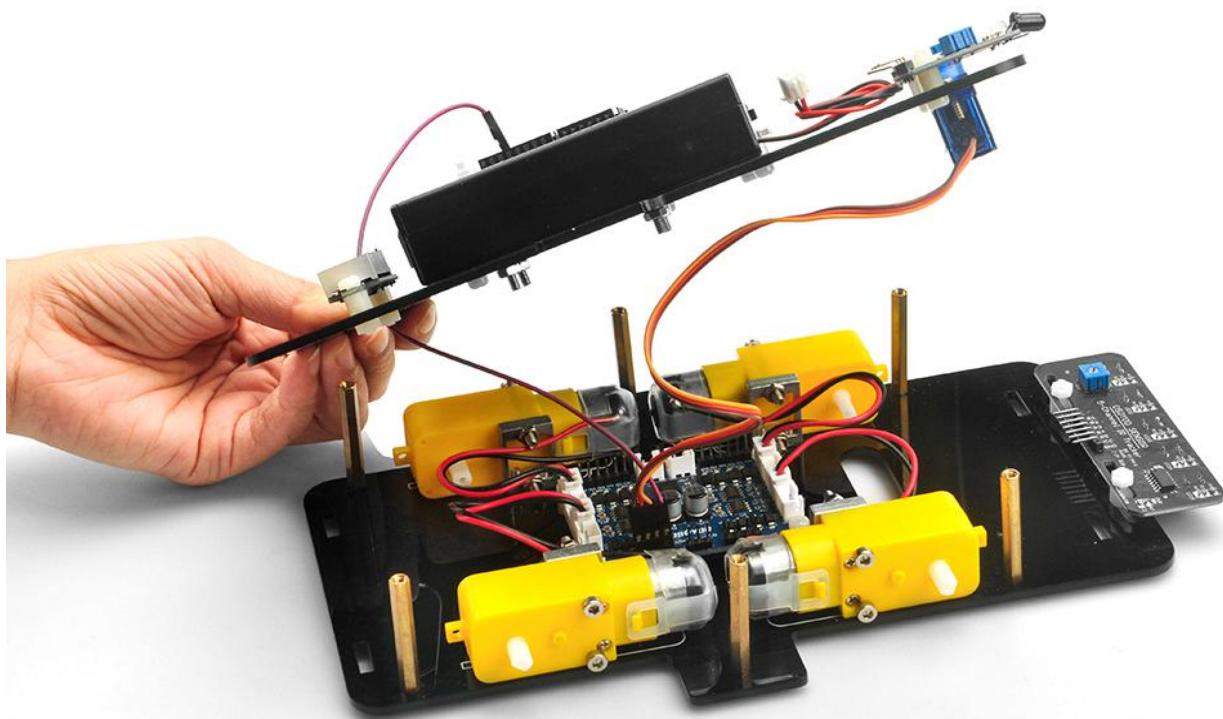
Note:

If the wire of the LED light you receive has a male connector end, you can plug it into the female connector end of the Wi-Fi board;

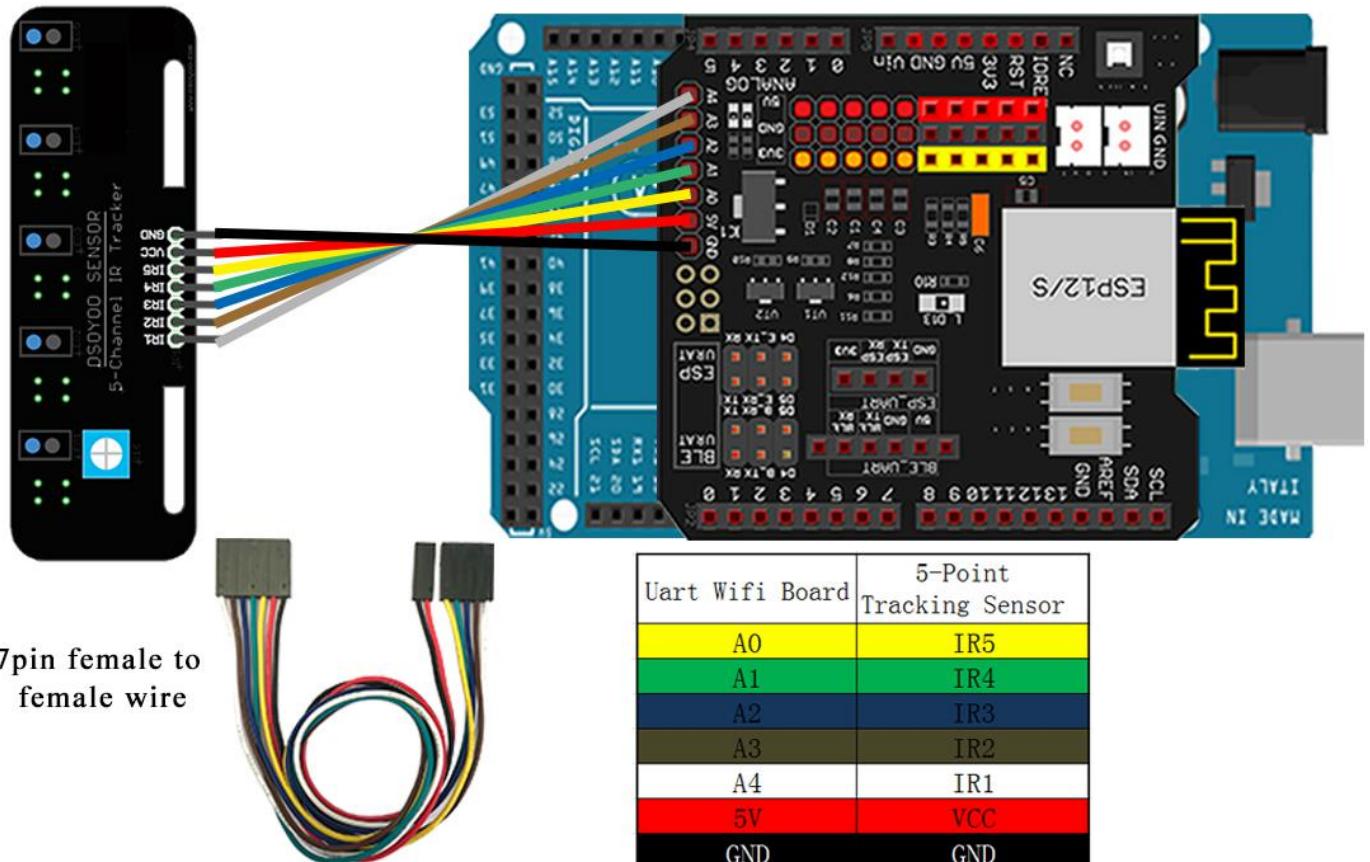
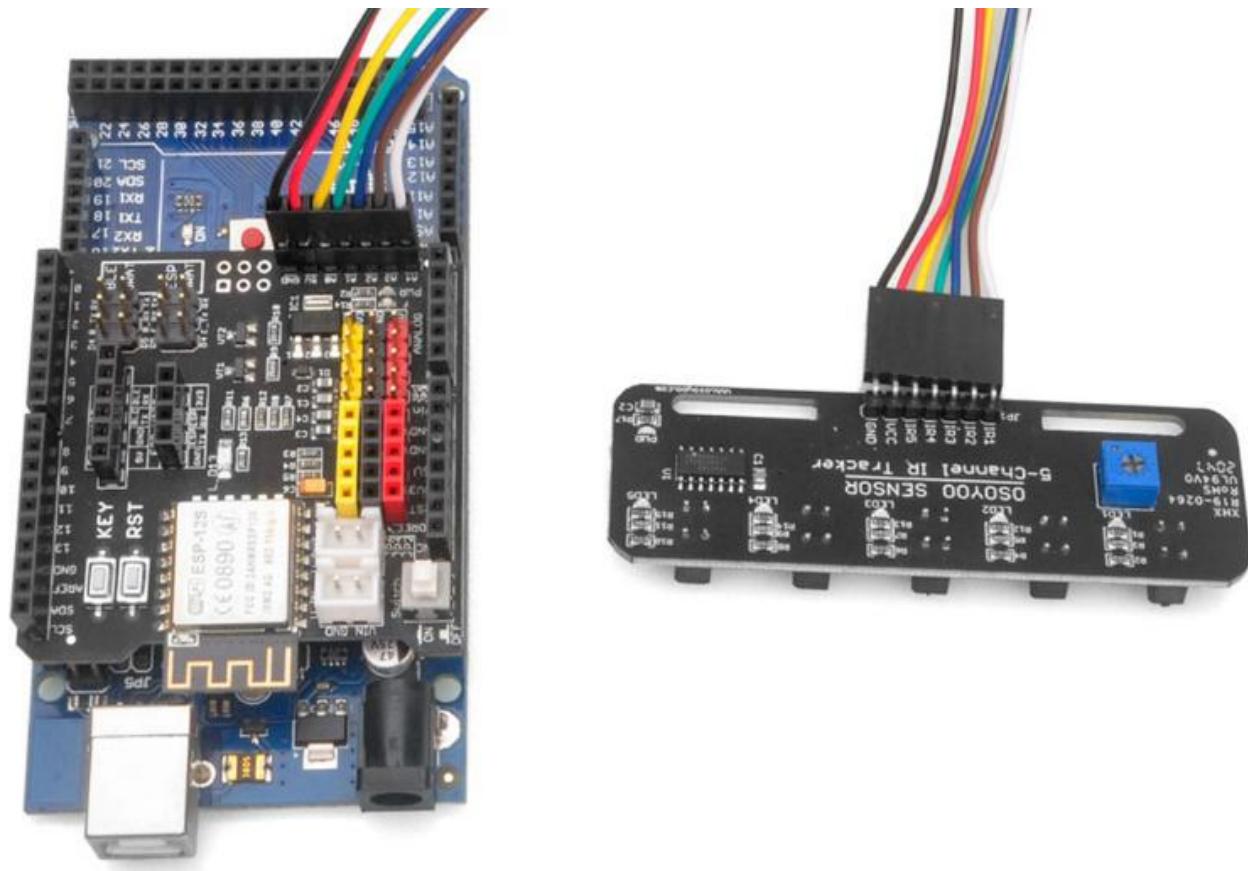
If the wire of the LED light you receive has a female connector end, you can plug it into the male connector end of the Wi-Fi board.

Additionally, this LED light can use the 3.3V port, and it can also use the 5V port. This just results in different brightness levels of the LED.

Step17. Connect the servo motor's orange wire (PWM) to S, red wire (VCC) to 5V, and brown wire (GND) to GND on the Model Y board.

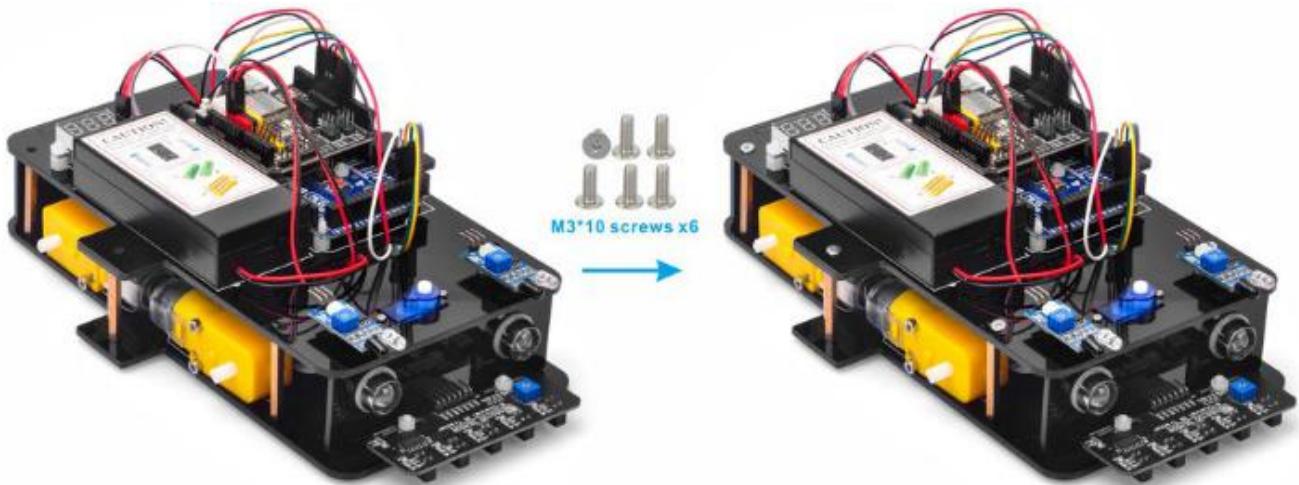


Step18. Connect GND-VCC pin of tracking sensor module to GND-5V of OSOYOO Uart WiFi shield V1.3; connect IR1, IR2, IR3, IR4, IR5 pins to A4, A3, A2, A3, A1 with 7pin 25cm female to female cable as the following photo shows.

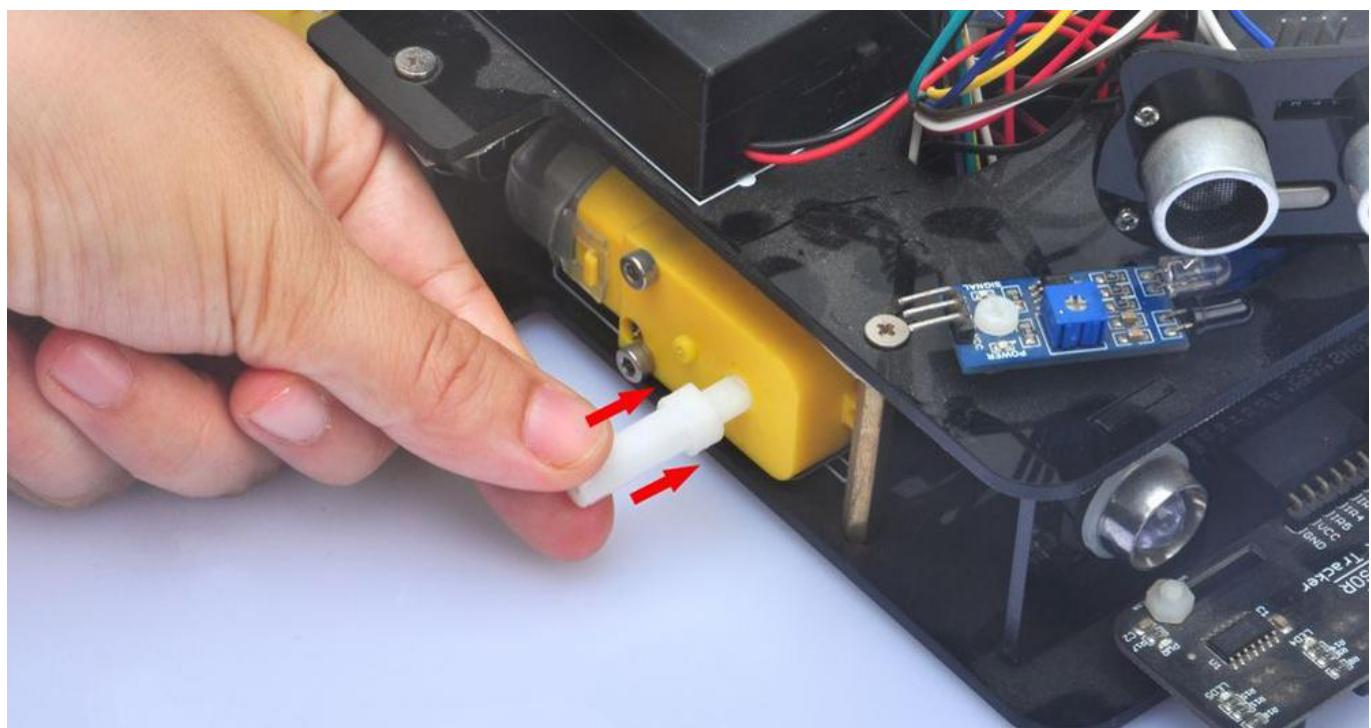
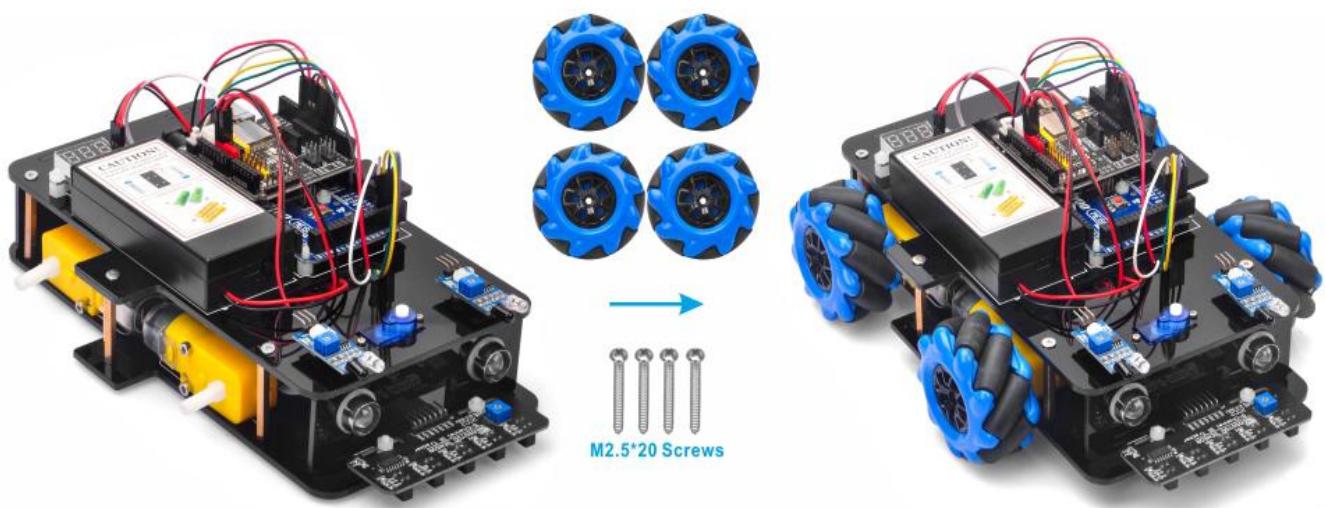


7pin female to female wire

Step19. Fix upper chassis to lower chassis with 6pcs M3*10 hex screws.

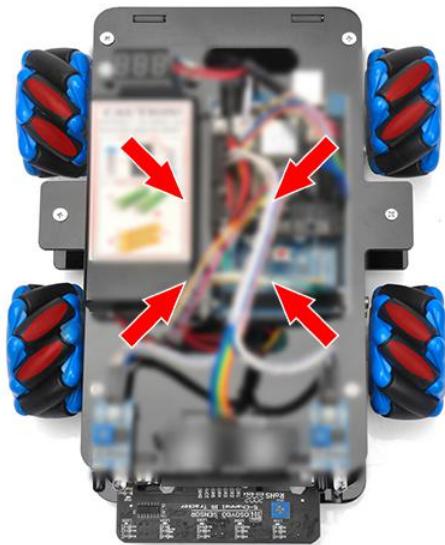


Step20. Install 4 wheels onto the motors with 4pcs **M2.5X20 or M2.6×20 Self-tapping screws**.



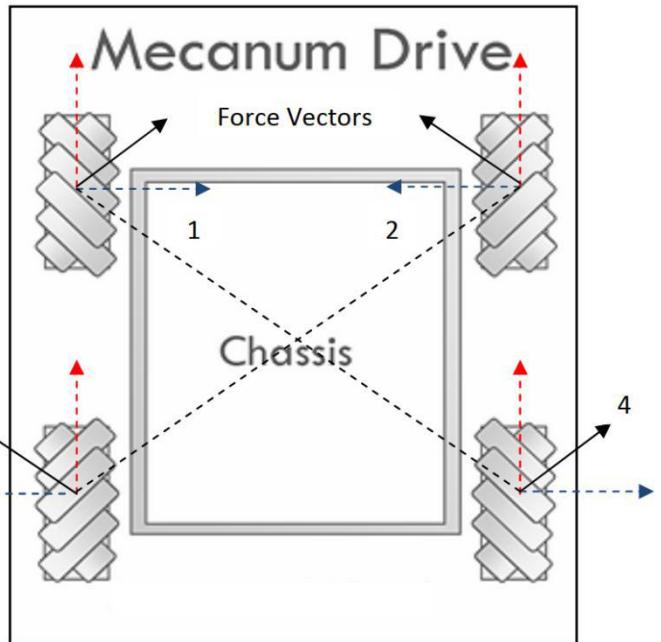


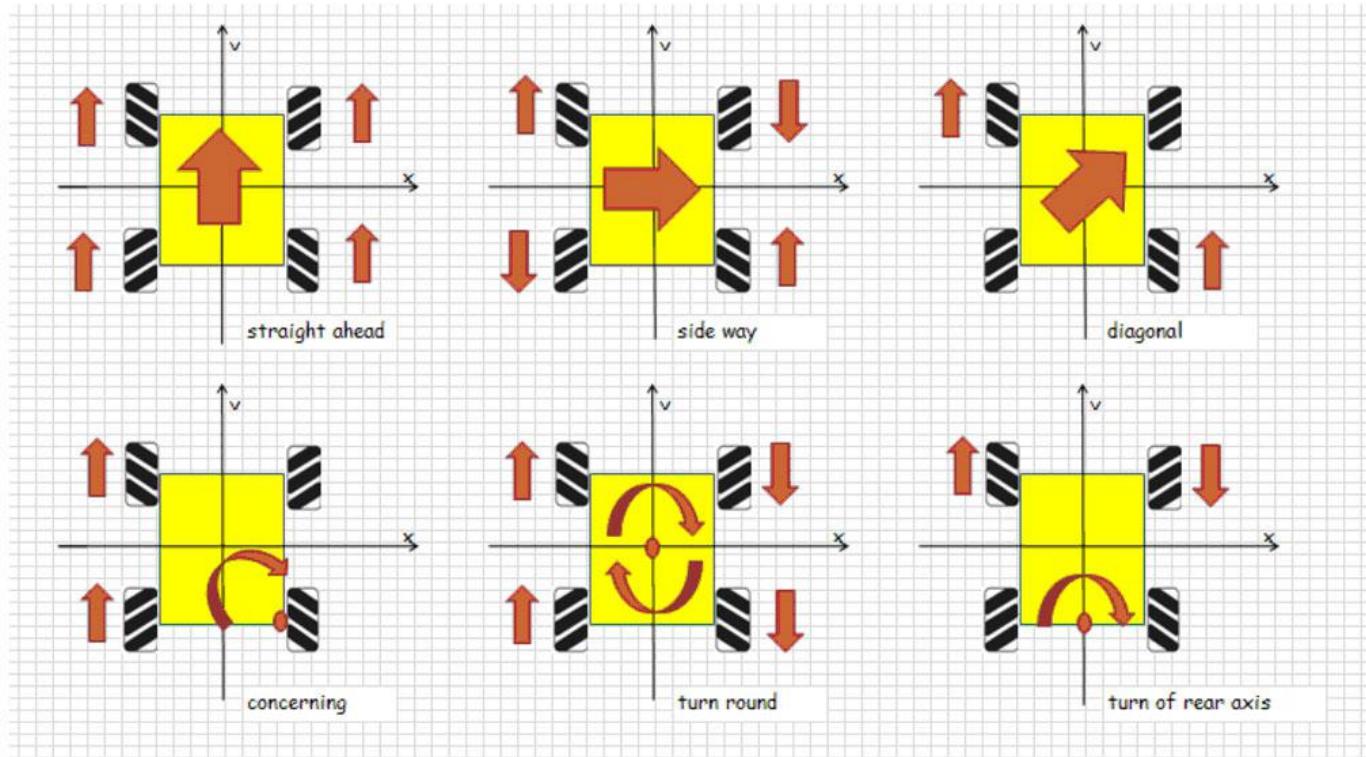
Note: there are two types and to arrange them so the rollers point toward center of car when viewed from above.



<u>Direction of Movement</u>	<u>Wheel Actuation</u>
Forward	All wheels forward same speed
Reverse	All wheels backward same speed
Right Shift	Wheels 1, 4 forward; 2, 3 backward
Left Shift	Wheels 2, 3 forward; 1, 4 backward
CW Turn	Wheels 1, 3 forward; 2, 4 backward
CCW Turn	Wheels 2, 4 forward; 1, 3 backward

To the right: This is a top view looking down on the drive platform. Wheels in Positions 1, 4 should make X- pattern with Wheels 2, 3. If not set up like shown, wheels will not operate correctly.





Now hardware installation is almost down. Before we install 18650 batteries into the box, we need burn the sample code into Arduino First.

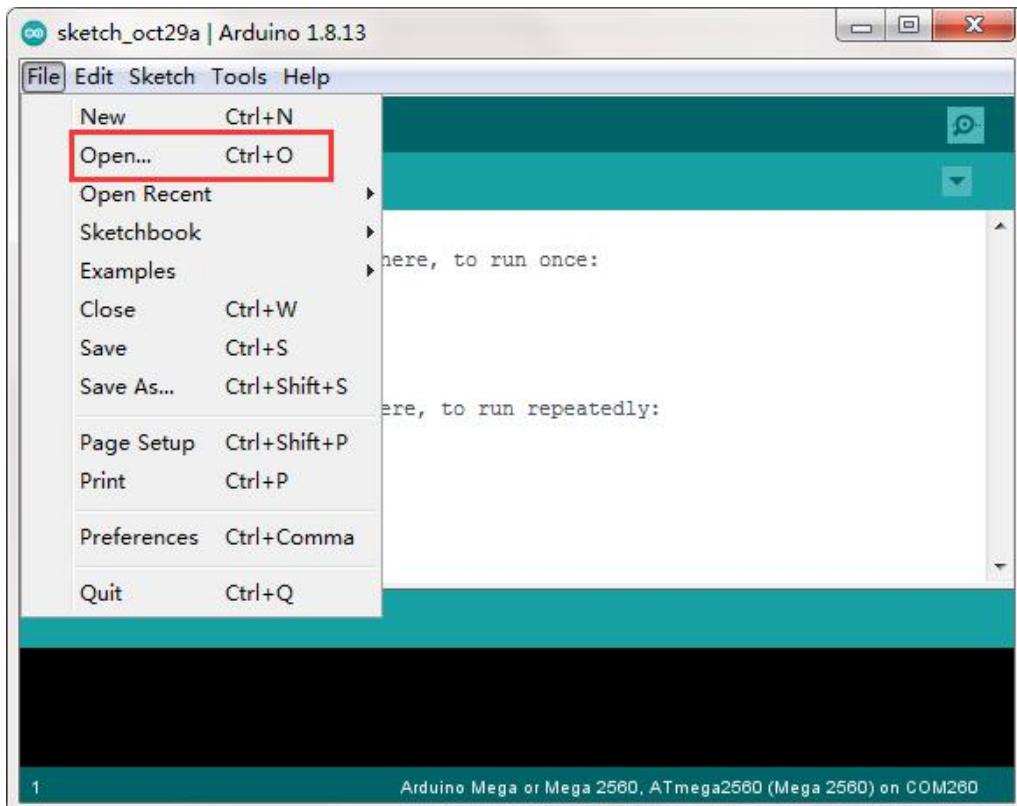
SOFTWARE INSTALLATION

Open-source Arduino Software(IDE)		Download Arduino IDE here: https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software?setlang=en
7 zip is a free zip utility that un-zips zip files		Download 7zip here for free https://www.7-zip.org/

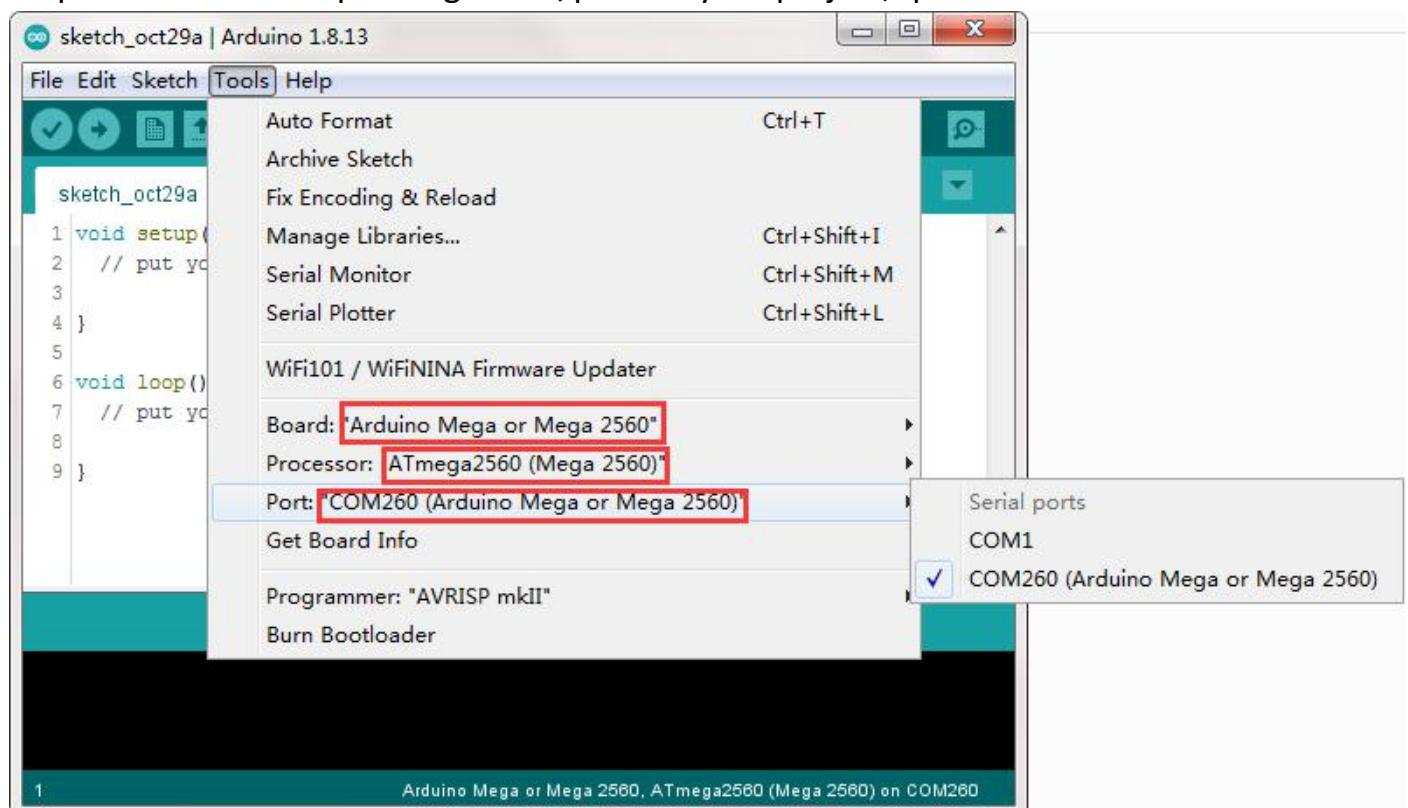
Step 1: Install latest Arduino IDE (If you have Arduino IDE version after 1.1.16, please skip this step). Download Arduino IDE from <https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software?setlang=en> , then install the software.

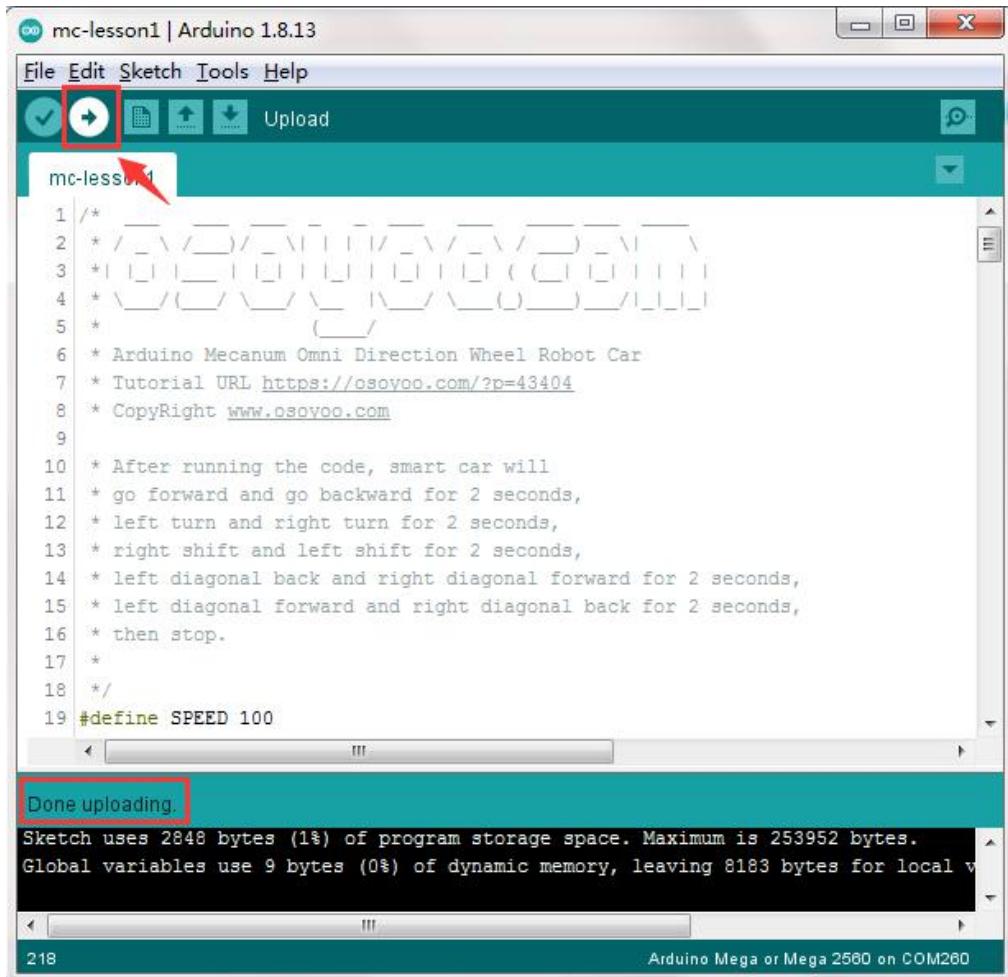
Step 2: Download https://osoyoo.com/driver/mecanum_acrylic_chassis_v2/mc-lesson1.zip, unzip the download zip file mc-lesson1.zip, you will see a folder called mc-lesson1.zip.

Step 3: Connect Mega2560 board to PC with USB cable, Open Arduino IDE -> click file -> click Open -> choose code “mc-lesson1.ino” in lesson1 folder, load the code into arduino.



Step 4: Choose corresponding board/port for your project, upload the sketch to the board.





Note:

If the car runs properly when powered via USB (e.g., the wheels spin when lifted off the ground) but does not work when the USB is disconnected and the batteries are correctly inserted, check the switch on the double-driver Y board. It may have been accidentally toggled upward. Use a screwdriver to push it down without disassembling the car.

HOW TO PLAY

Disconnect the Arduino from the PC and insert batteries into the battery box. Place the car on the ground and turn on the switches on both the OSOYOO UART WiFi Shield V1.3 and the 18650 battery box (if installed).

The car should perform the following sequence:

Forward → Backward → Left Turn → Right Turn →

Right Parallel Shift \rightarrow Left Parallel Shift \rightarrow

Down Left Diagonal → Up Right Diagonal →

Up Left Diagonal → Down Right Diagonal, and then stop.

Troubleshooting

If, after running the Lesson 1 code, you notice that one side wheels are not turning, or one side wheels can only move forward but not backward, or only backward but not forward, the issue is likely a loose or broken wire in the 6-pin cable connecting to the Model Y board.

Here is the solution:

Step 1: Disconnect the 6-pin cable that connects the Model Y board and the Arduino board.

Step 2: Locate six (6) single spare Female-to-Male jumper wires from your kit (any color is fine).

Step 3: Use these six single jumper wires to manually reconnect the Model Y pins (ENA, IN1, IN2, IN3, IN4, ENB) to the corresponding pins on the Arduino as per previous model Y wire map

Step 4: Retest the Lesson 1 code to see if the issue is resolved. If the problem still exists, you can send your problem detail to support@osoyoo.info and our tech support team will help you.

Lesson 2 Obstacle Avoidance Robot Car

INTRODUCTION

In this lesson, we will do an obstacle avoidance auto-driving project. We will use an ultrasonic module to “see” the obstacle, and the car will turn around from the obstacle automatically.

You must complete lesson 1 before you continue on with this lesson.

PARTS & DEVICES

OSOYOO Mecanum wheels robotic car chassis x1

OSOYOO Wheels and motors x4 (left-wheels x2/right-wheels x2)

OSOYOO Mega2560 board fully compatible with Arduino UNO/Mega2560 x1

OSOYOO Uart Wifi shield x1

OSOYOO Model Y driver board x1

OSOYOO Voltage meter x1

OSOYOO MG90 servo motor x 1

OSOYOO Ultrasonic sensor module x1

OSOYOO Mount holder x1

OSOYOO Battery box x1

OSOYOO 3pin female to female jumper wire x1

OSOYOO 6pin male to female jumper wire x2

OSOYOO 10pin male to female jumper wire x1

OSOYOO 2 pin XH.25 female to female x1

18650 Batteries(3.7V) x2

Battery charger x1

HARDWARE INSTALLATION

Step1. Attach the ultrasonic module to the mounting holder using 4 M1.5*8 screws and M1.5 nuts.

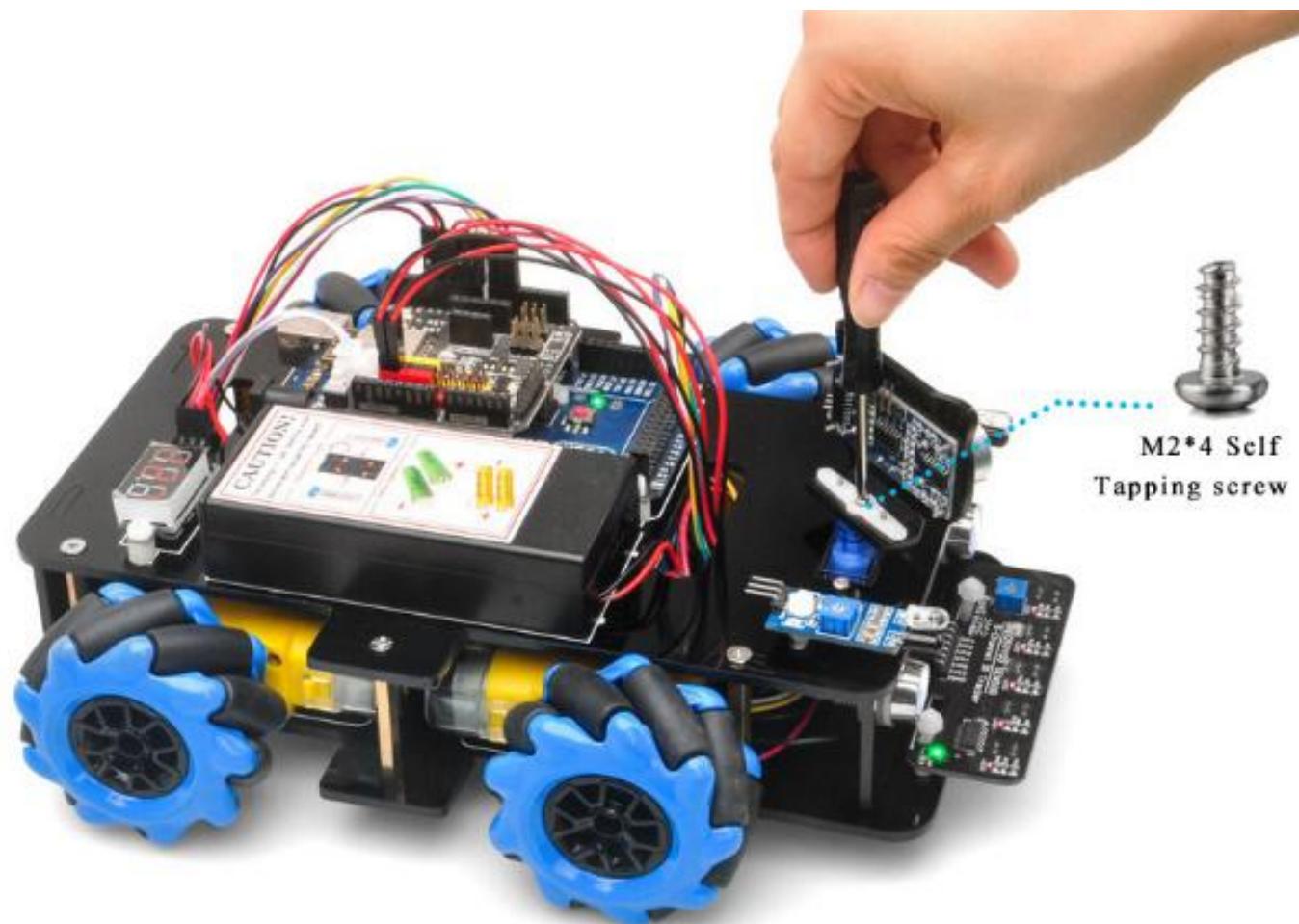


Step2. Secure the ultrasonic module's mounting holder onto the servo motor with M2*4 self-tapping screws Or the screws from the SG90 servo screw kit.

When placing the ultrasonic underneath, as the self-tapping screws easily strip.

A. Support the motor from underneath, as the self-tapping screws easily strip.

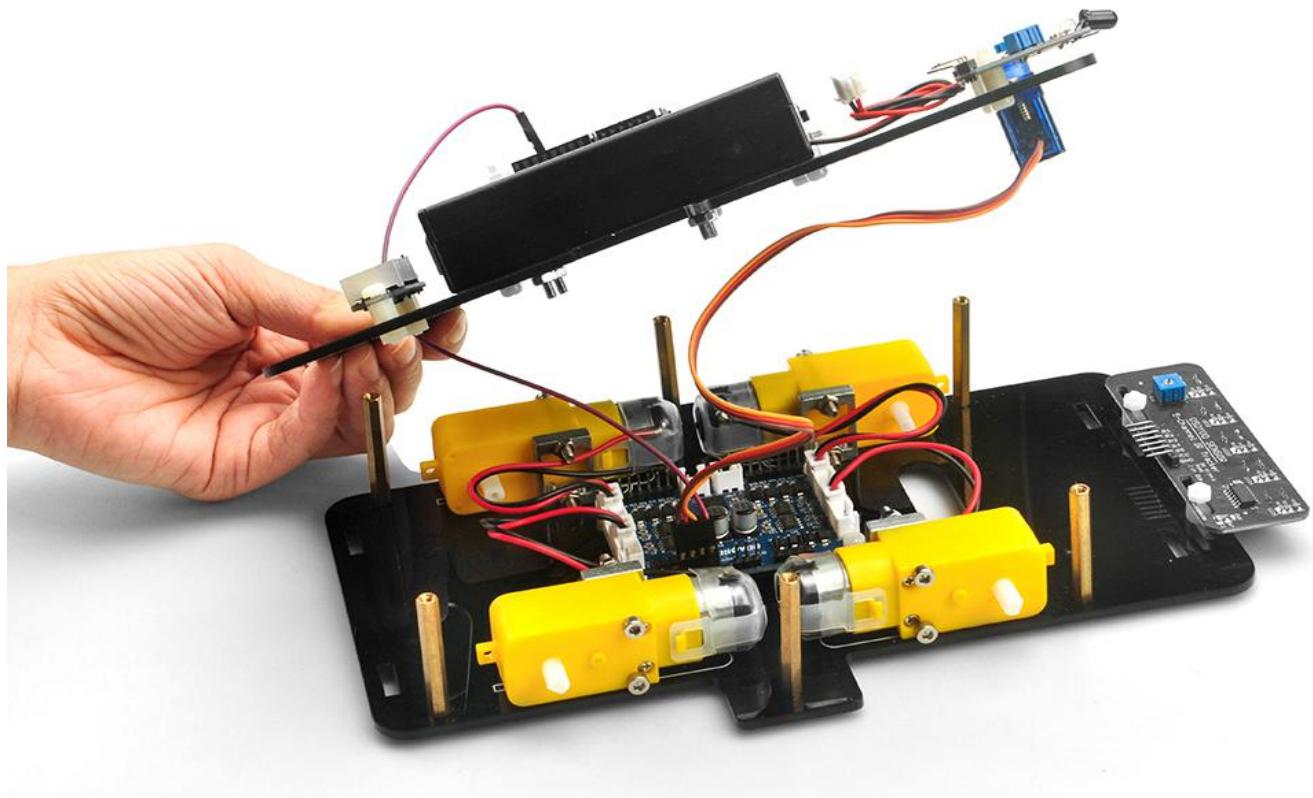
B. Do not insert the screw until after the alignment process.

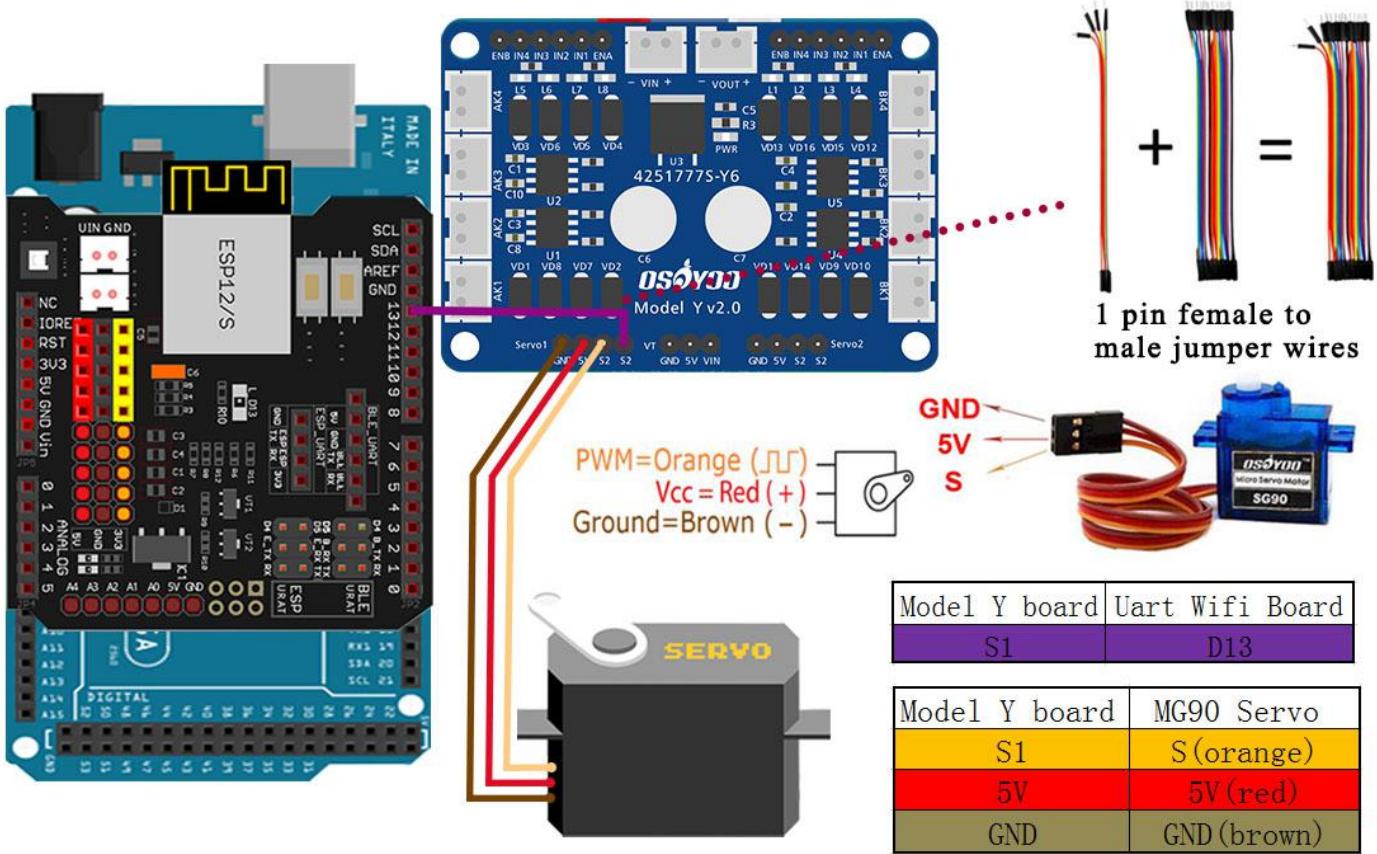


Step3. Keep all connections from Lesson 1 unchanged. Before connecting additional wires, ensure that the SG90 servo motor is properly connected to both the Model Y board and the

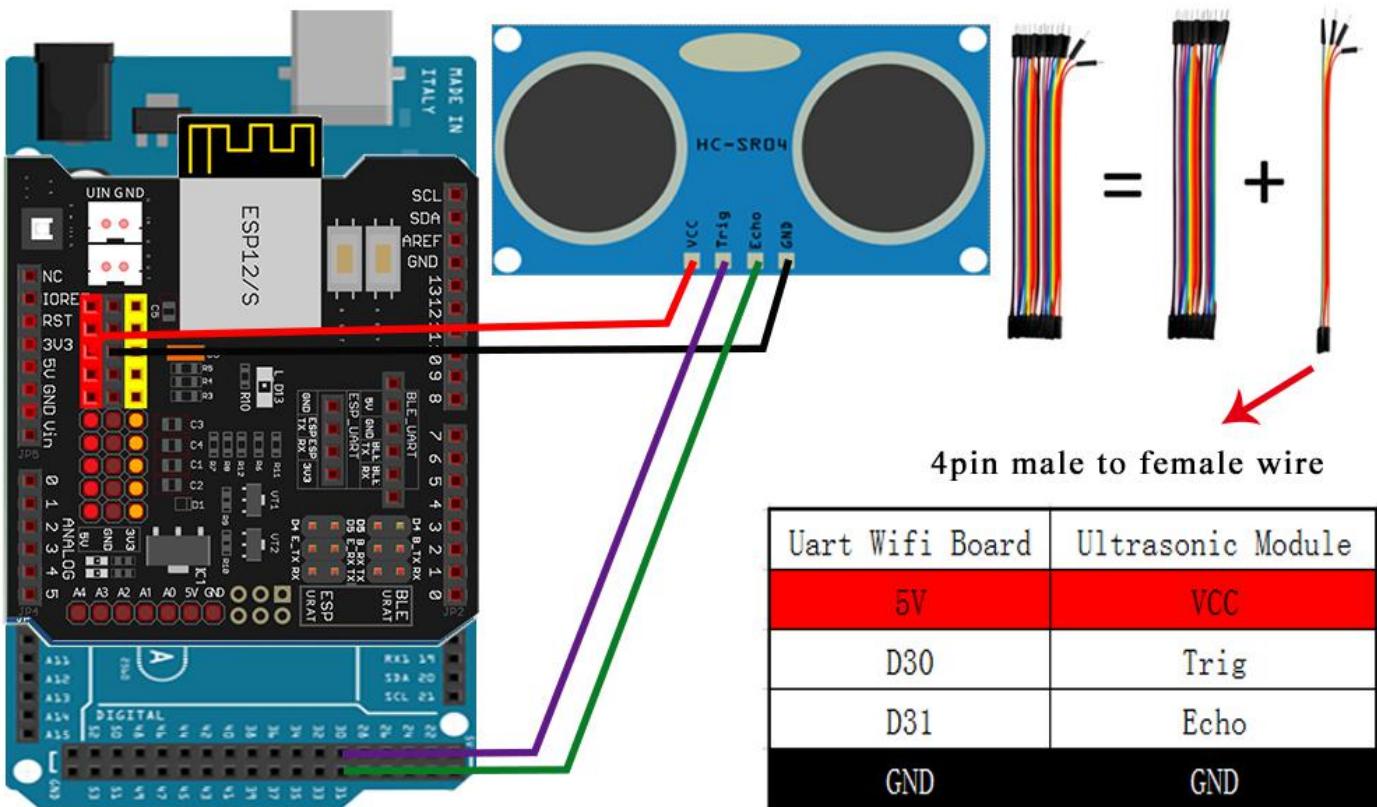
OSOYOO UART Wi-Fi Shield as shown in the diagram.

(Note: You will need to split one male-to-female jumper wire from the provided 10-piece jumper wire bundle. Any color can be used. The remaining wires are spare parts in case of damage or failure.)





Step4: Connect the ultrasonic module to the OSOYOO UART Wi-Fi Shield as shown in the diagram.



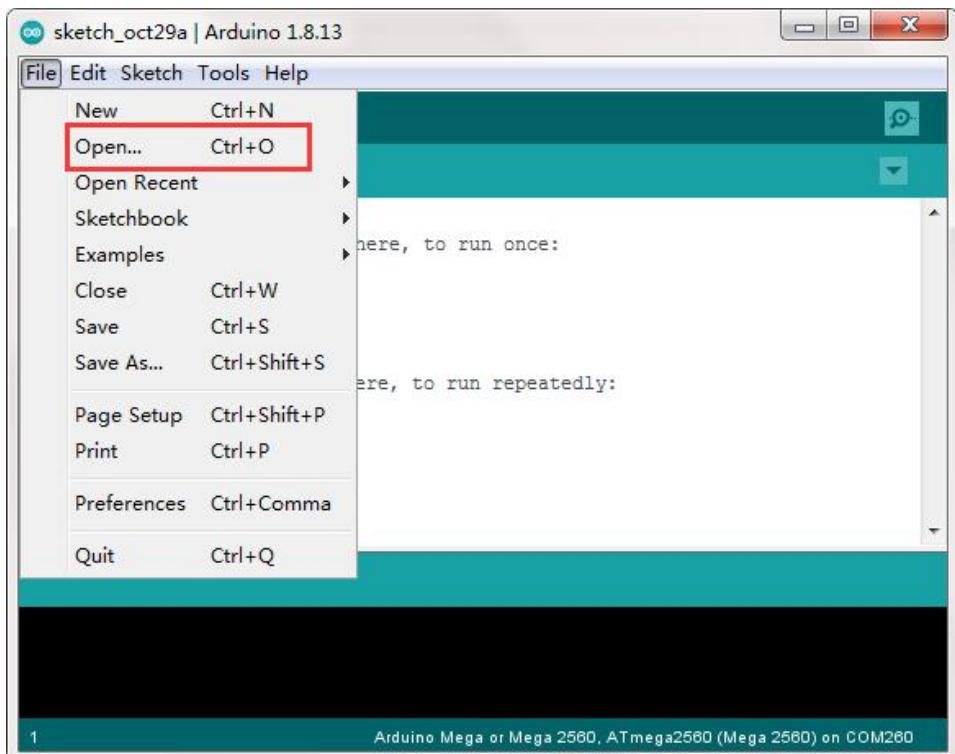
SOFTWARE INSTALLATION

Open-source Arduino Software(IDE)		Download Arduino IDE here: https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software?setlang=en
7 zip is a free zip utility that un-zips zip files		Download 7zip here for free https://www.7-zip.org/

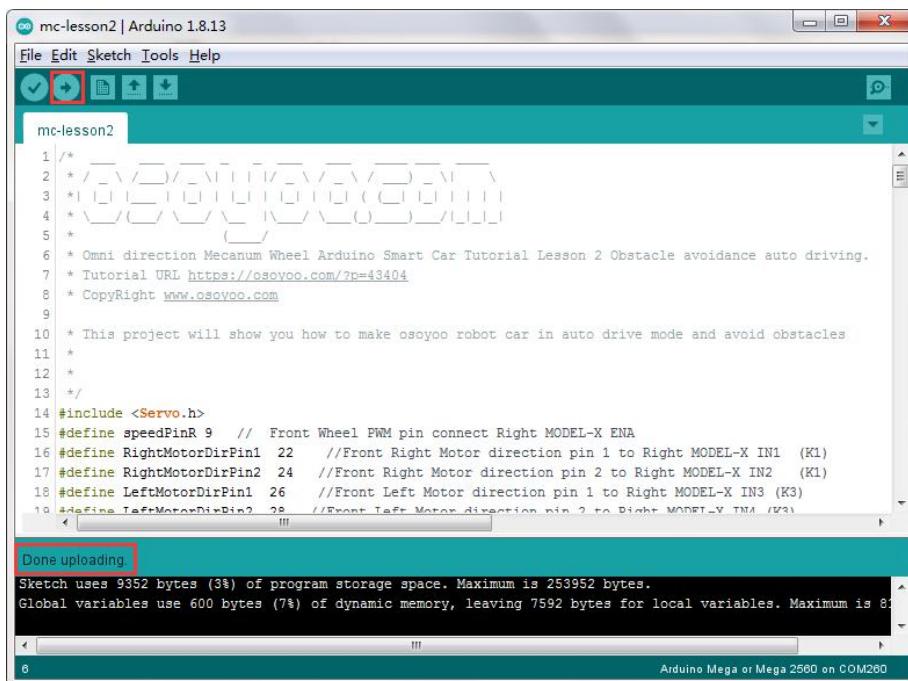
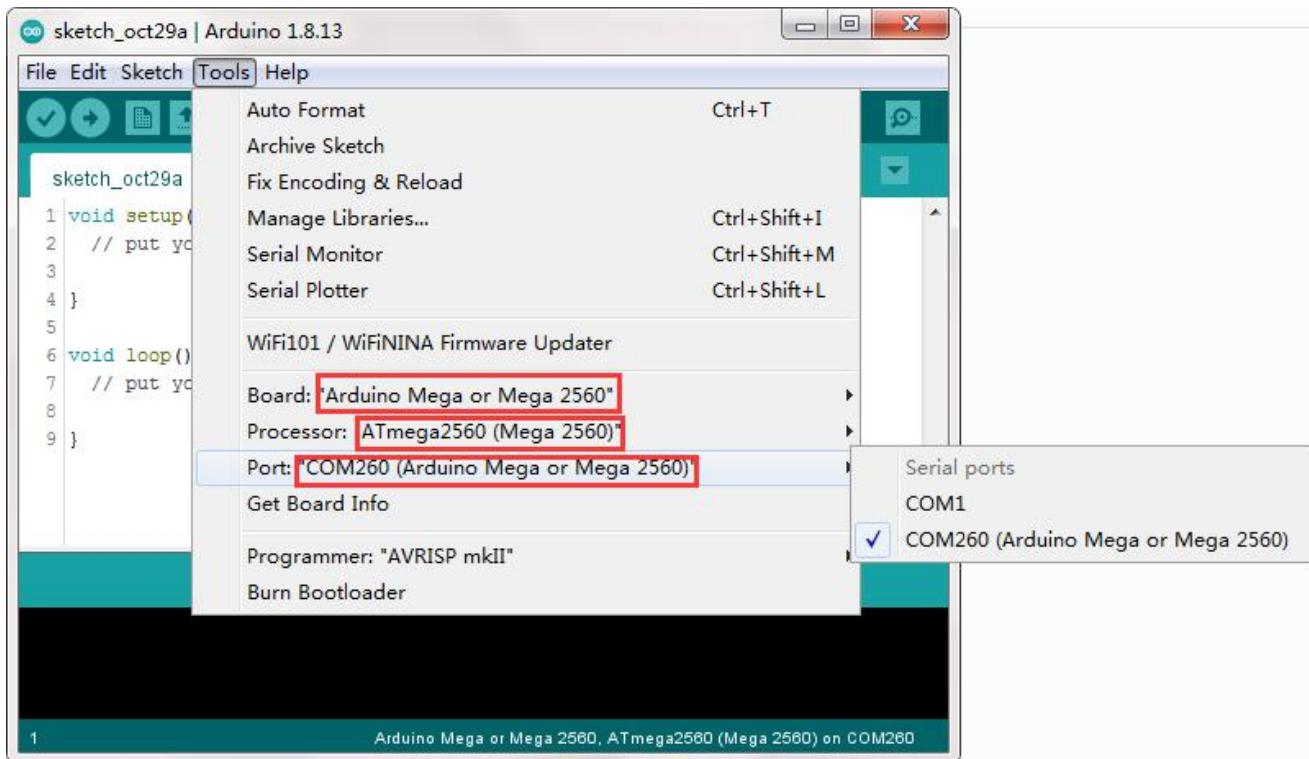
Step 1: Install latest Arduino IDE (If you have Arduino IDE version after 1.1.16, please skip this step). Download Arduino IDE from <https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software?setlang=en>, then install the software.

Step 2: Download https://osoyoo.com/driver/mecanum_acrylic_chassis_v2/mc-lesson2.zip, unzip the download zip file mc-lesson2.zip, you will see a folder called mc-lesson2.zip.

Step 3: Connect Mega2560 board to PC with USB cable, Open Arduino IDE → click file → click Open → choose code “lesson2.ino” in lesson1 folder, load the code into Arduino.

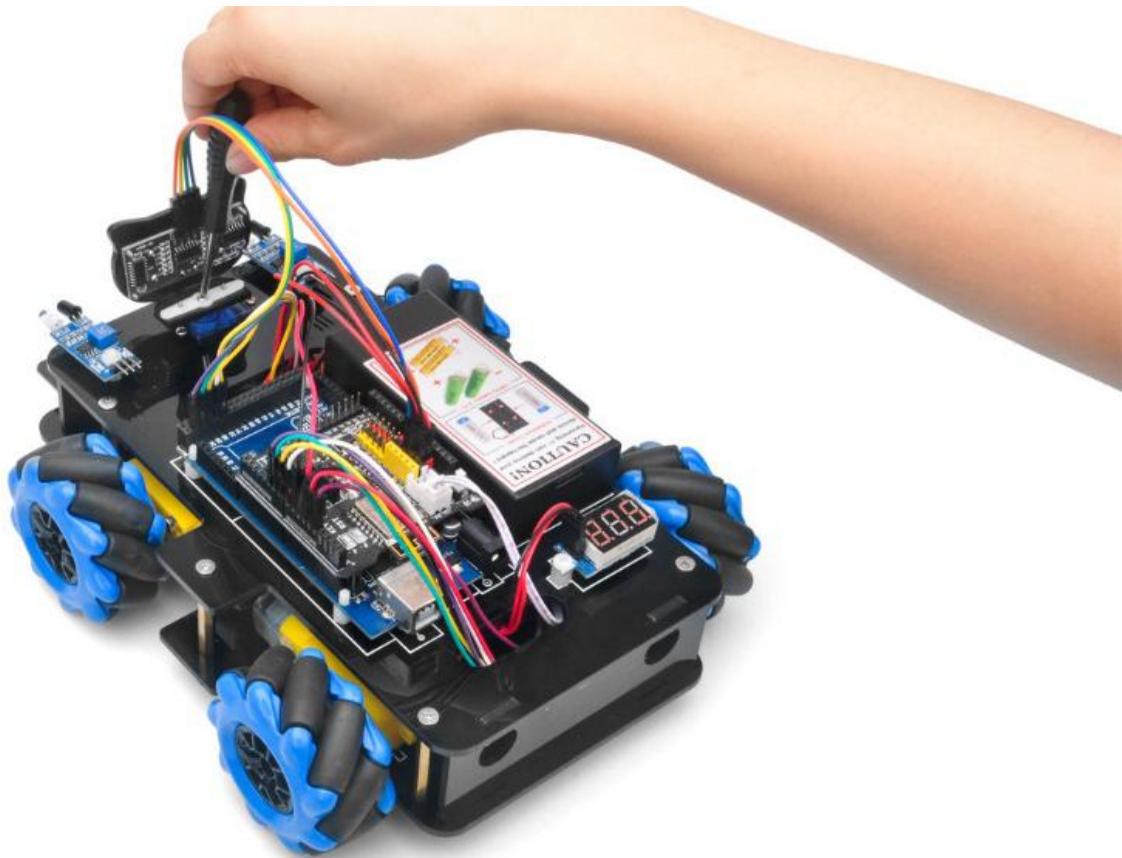


Step 4: Choose MEGA2560 board as the board type and correct port for your project as following picture, upload the sketch to the board.



HOW TO PLAY

Ultrasonic sensor servo initial direction alignment



After turning on the battery, the servo will make some movement and finally stops at front direction for 3 seconds.

If the ultrasonic sensor does not face the front during this first 3 seconds, you should turn off battery immediately and remove the sensor from the servo, reinstall it and make it facing straight forward direction as following picture. Otherwise, the obstacle avoidance program will not work properly.

After adjusting sensor direction, turn on battery again, the sensor should face front same as following picture. If its direction is not straight forward, turn off battery and do direction alignment again.

Final Testing :

After turning on the battery switch on the battery box, if the ultrasonic module turn to front view position, that means you don't need to adjust sensor position anymore. Just wait 3 seconds. If no obstacle is detected, the car will go forward. If any obstacles are detected, the car will stop, the ultrasonic module will turn from right to left to detect surrounding obstacles. The robot car will decide to make left turn, right turn or backward according to obstacle sensor data and our obstacle avoidance algorithm.

Sometimes your car might have collision and make your Ultrasonic sensor position

change, you must remember to do sensor direction alignment again as per link Ultrasonic sensor servo initial direction alignment.

Trouble Shooting

Sometimes when you run the lesson 2 sketch code, you might see that the car moves backward even if there is no obstacle in front. This normally means the ultrasonic sensor installation or wire connection has a problem.

To solve the problem, please check hardware installation step 4.

Use 4 new jumper wires to connect sensor to Arduino Wi-Fi board, make sure:

Ultrasonic Sensor VCC connects to Wi-Fi board 5V

Ultrasonic Sensor TRIG connects to Wi-Fi board D30

Ultrasonic Sensor ECHO connects to Wi-Fi board D31

Ultrasonic Sensor GND connects to Wi-Fi board GND

After sensor wires are properly connected based on above instruction, you can make a test of the sensor.

Please download distance sensor test code from

<https://osoyoo.com/download/code/distance.zip>, keep your Arduino and PC connected with blue cable and then run the distance.ino code.

Now open your Arduino IDE Serial monitor, put your hand in front of the sensor,

You should see a distance value in serial monitor. That value is the distance between your hand and sensor.

If you can only see 0 value in Serial monitor, it means your sensor wire connection is wrong or wire might be broken or sensor is defective. You might need to change 4 new wires or contact OSOYOO support for sensor replacement.

Lesson 3 Tracking Line Robot Car

INTRODUCTION

In this lesson, we will do a line-tracking auto-driving project. We will add a 5-Point tracking sensor module to the robotic car built in Lesson 1. The software in this lesson will read data from the 5-Point Tracking sensor module and automatically guide the smart car to move along the black track line in the white ground.

PARTS & DEVICES

OSOYOO Mecanum wheels robotic car chassis x1

OSOYOO Wheels and motors x4 (left-wheels x2/right-wheels x2)

OSOYOO Mega2560 board fully compatible with Arduino UNO/Mega2560 x1

OSOYOO Uart Wifi shield x1

OSOYOO Model Y driver board x1

OSOYOO Voltage meter x1

OSOYOO 5-point tracking sensor module x1

OSOYOO Battery box x1

OSOYOO 3pin female to female jumper wire x1

OSOYOO 6pin male to female jumper wire x2

OSOYOO 7pin female to female jumper wire x1

OSOYOO 2 pin XH.25 female to female x1

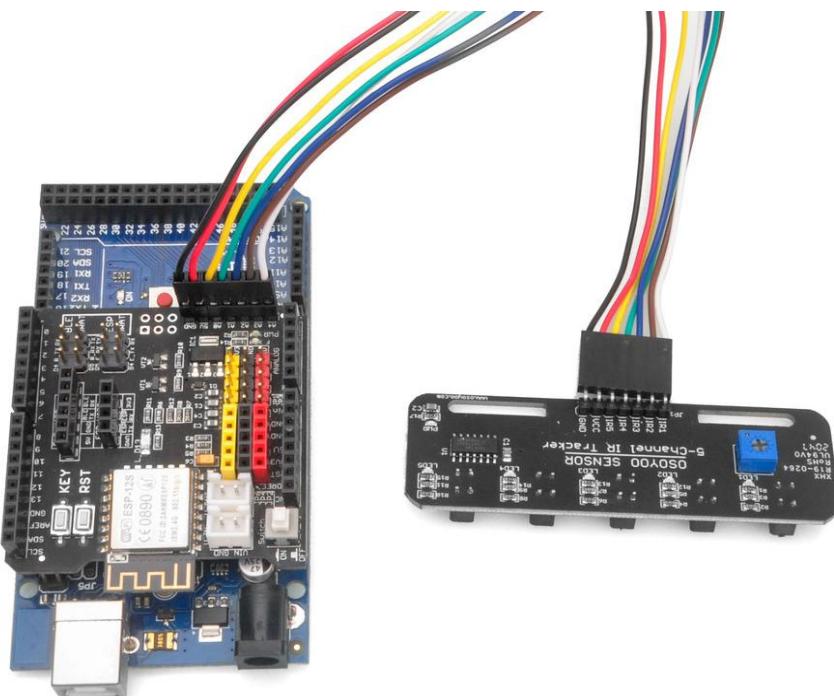
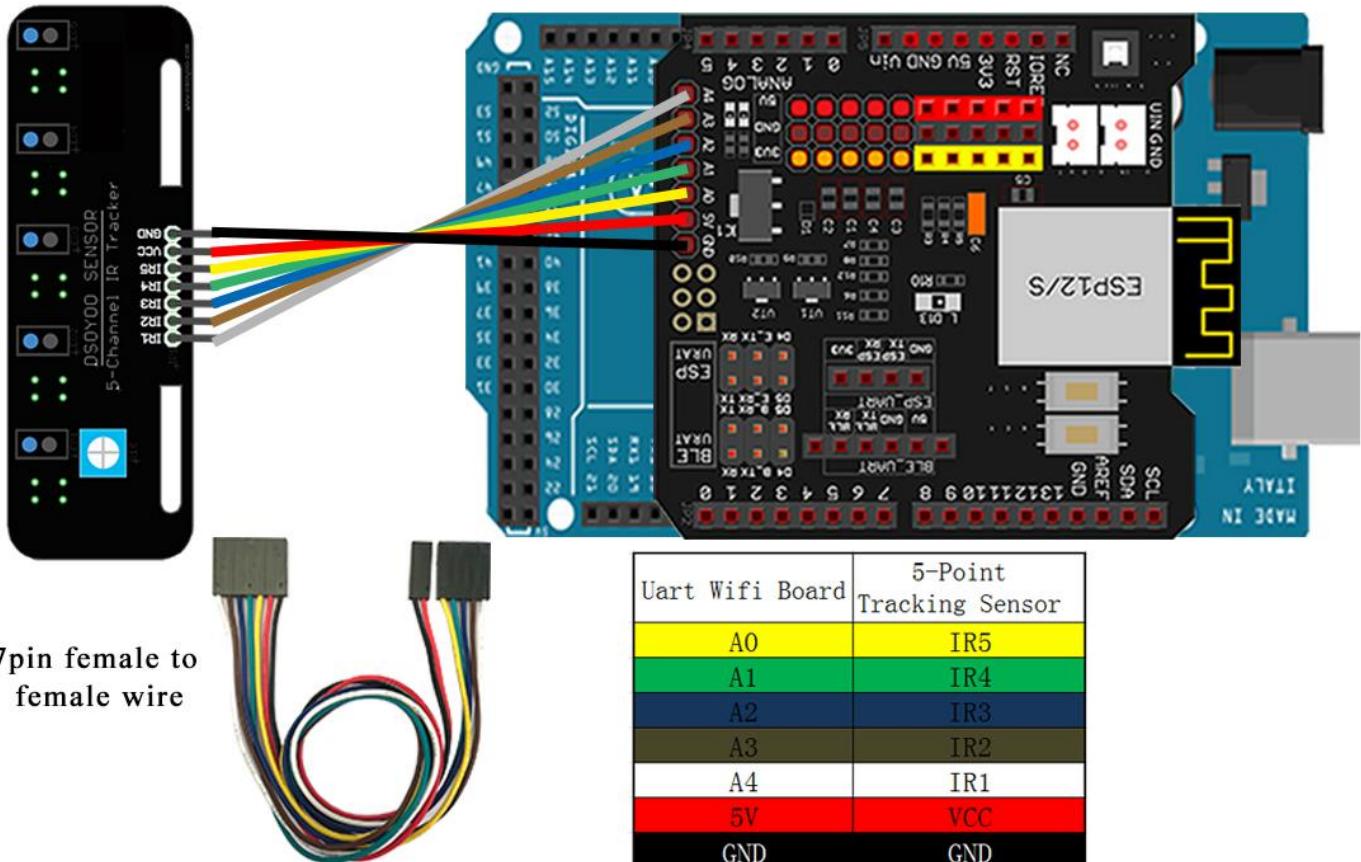
18650 Batteries(3.7V) x2

Battery charger x1

HARDWARE INSTALLATION

Step1. Please keep all lesson 1 connections same as it is.(Remember : DO NOT remove any existing wires installed in Lesson 1).

Step2. Connect GND-VCC pin of tracking sensor module to GND-5V of OSOYOO Uart WiFi shield V1.3; connect IR1, IR2, IR3, IR4, IR5 pins to A4, A3, A2, A2, A1 with 7pin 25cm female to female cable as the following photo shows.



SOFTWARE INSTALLATION

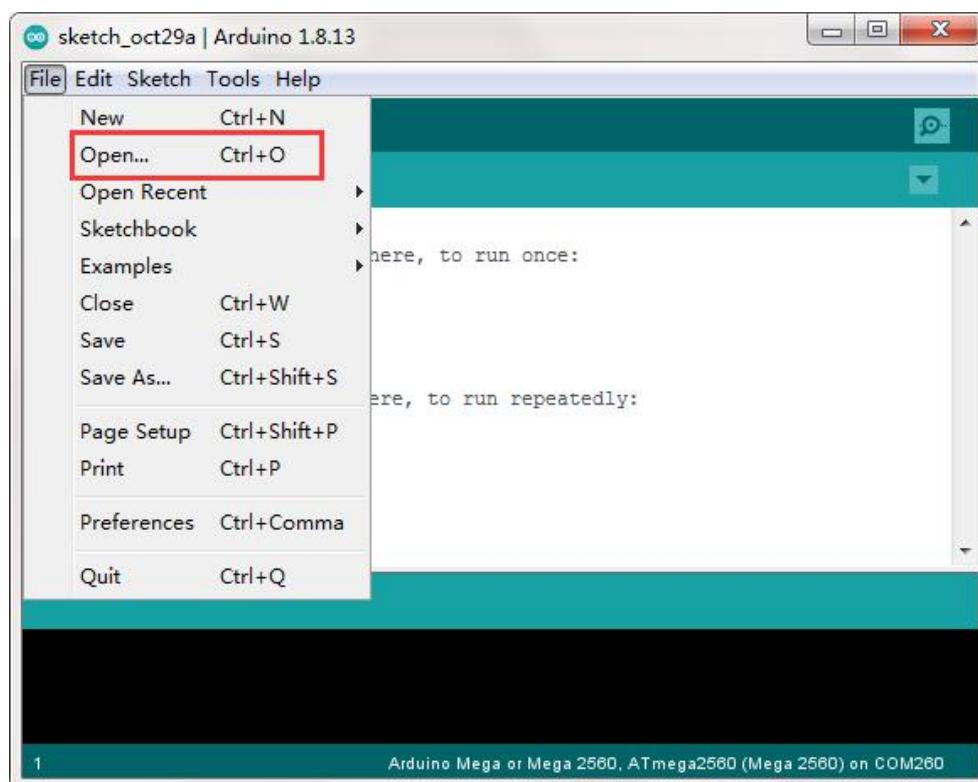
Open-source Arduino Software(IDE)		Download Arduino IDE here: https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software?setlang=en
7 zip is a free zip utility that un-zips zip files		Download 7zip here for free https://www.7-zip.org/

Step 1: Install latest Arduino IDE (If you have Arduino IDE version after 1.1.16, please skip this step). Download Arduino IDE from

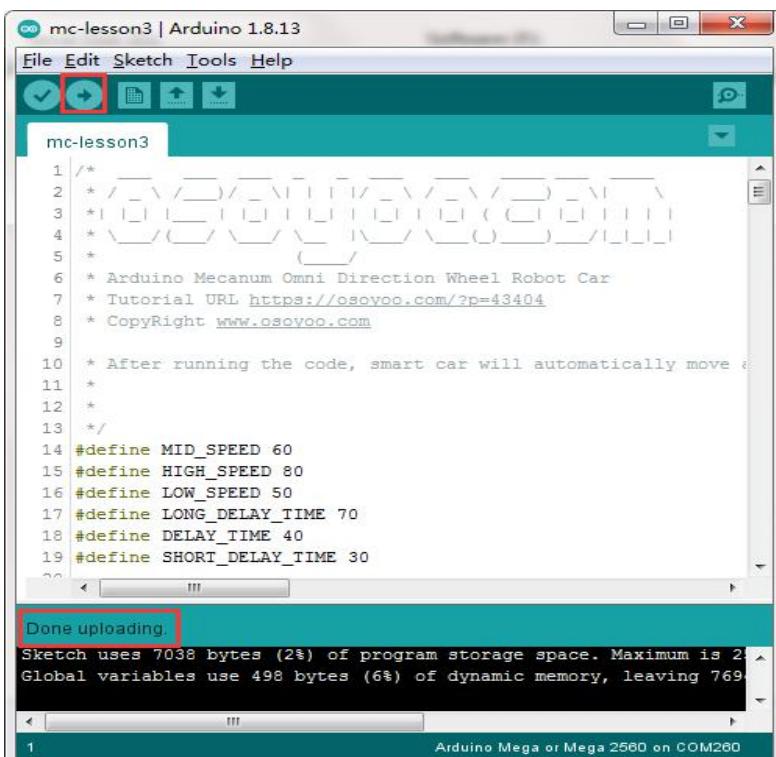
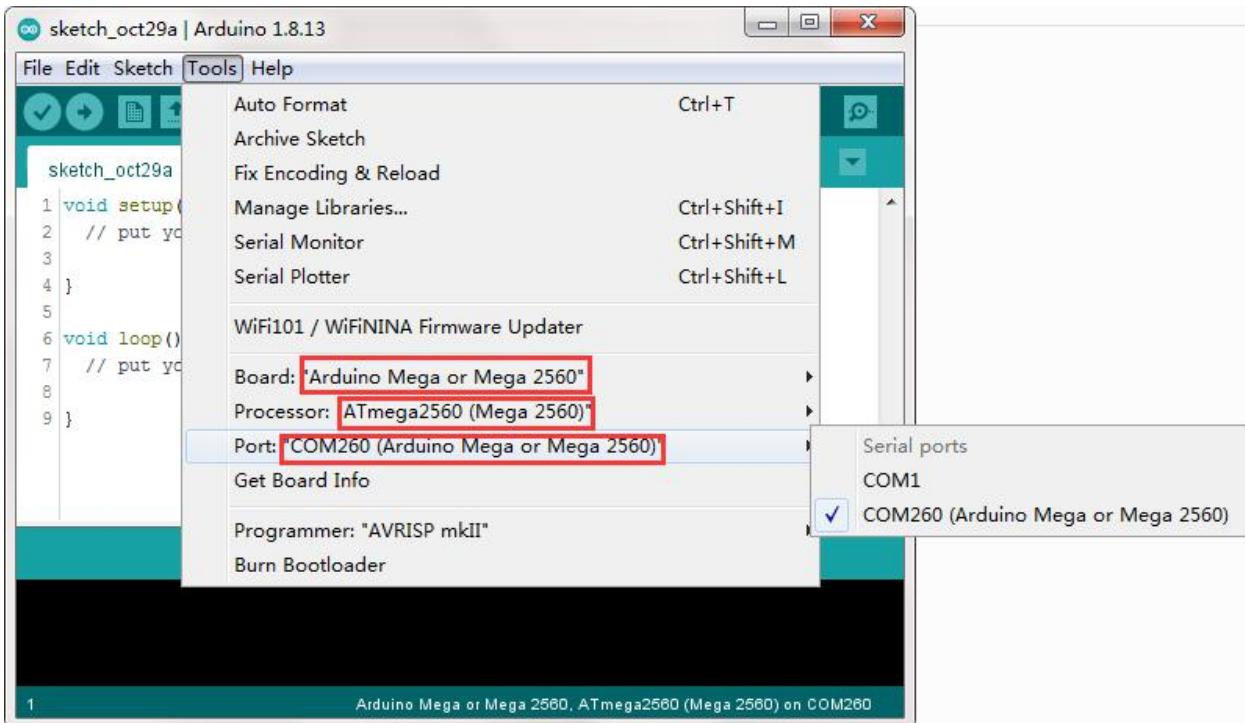
<https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software?setlang=en>, then install the software.

Step 2: Download https://osoyoo.com/driver/mecanum_acrylic_chassis_v2/mc-lesson3.zip, unzip the download zip file mc-lesson3.zip, you will see a folder called mc-lesson3.zip.

Step 3: Connect Mega2560 board to PC with USB cable, Open Arduino IDE → click file → click Open → choose code “lesson3.ino” in lesson3 folder, load the code into Arduino.



Step 4: Choose corresponding board/port for your project, upload the sketch to the board.

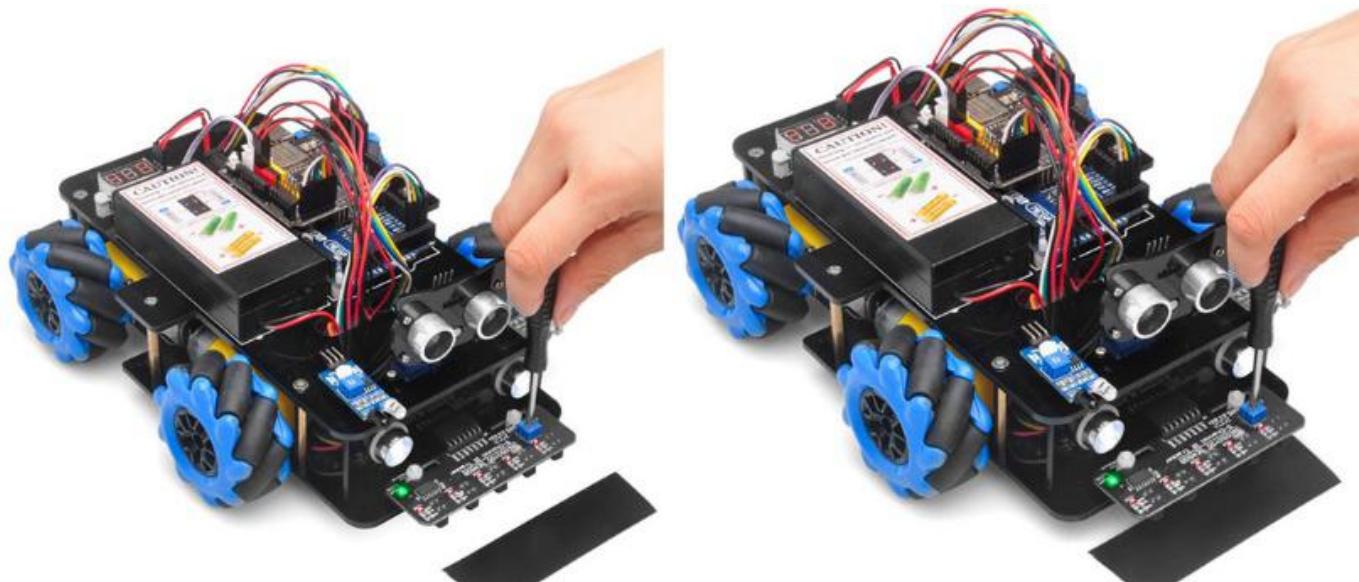


Adjusting the Sensitivity of Tracking Sensor Modules.

Turn on the car and hold it in place. Use a Phillips screwdriver to adjust the potentiometer on the tracking sensor module. Fine-tune it until you achieve optimal sensitivity:

The signal indicator LED should turn on when the sensor is positioned over a black track.

The signal indicator LED should turn off when the sensor is positioned over a white surface.



Final Testing:

Prepare a black track (the width of the black track is more than 20mm and less than 30mm) in white ground. Please note, the turning angle of track can't be too sharp, otherwise the car will move out of the track.

Turn on the car and put the middle of tracking sensor module facing over black track, and then the car will move along the black track.

Lesson 4 Object follow Robot car

OBJECTIVE

In this lesson, we will install 2pcs IR distance sensors on a robot car and program the car to follow object movements. The car receives the signal from the IR distance sensors, and then the program will drive the car to take actions.

You must complete lesson 1 (assembling the car) before you start this lesson.

PARTS & DEVICES

OSOYOO Mecanum wheels robotic car chassis x1

OSOYOO Wheels and motors x4 (left-wheels x2/right-wheels x2)

OSOYOO Mega2560 board fully compatible with Arduino UNO/Mega2560 x1

OSOYOO Uart Wifi shield x1

OSOYOO Model Y driver board x1

OSOYOO Voltage meter x1

OSOYOO IR distance sensors x2

OSOYOO Battery box x1

OSOYOO 3pin female to female jumper wire x1

OSOYOO 6pin male to female jumper wire x2

OSOYOO 10pin male to female jumper wire x1

OSOYOO 2 pin XH.25 female to female x1

18650 Batteries(3.7V) x2

Battery charger x1

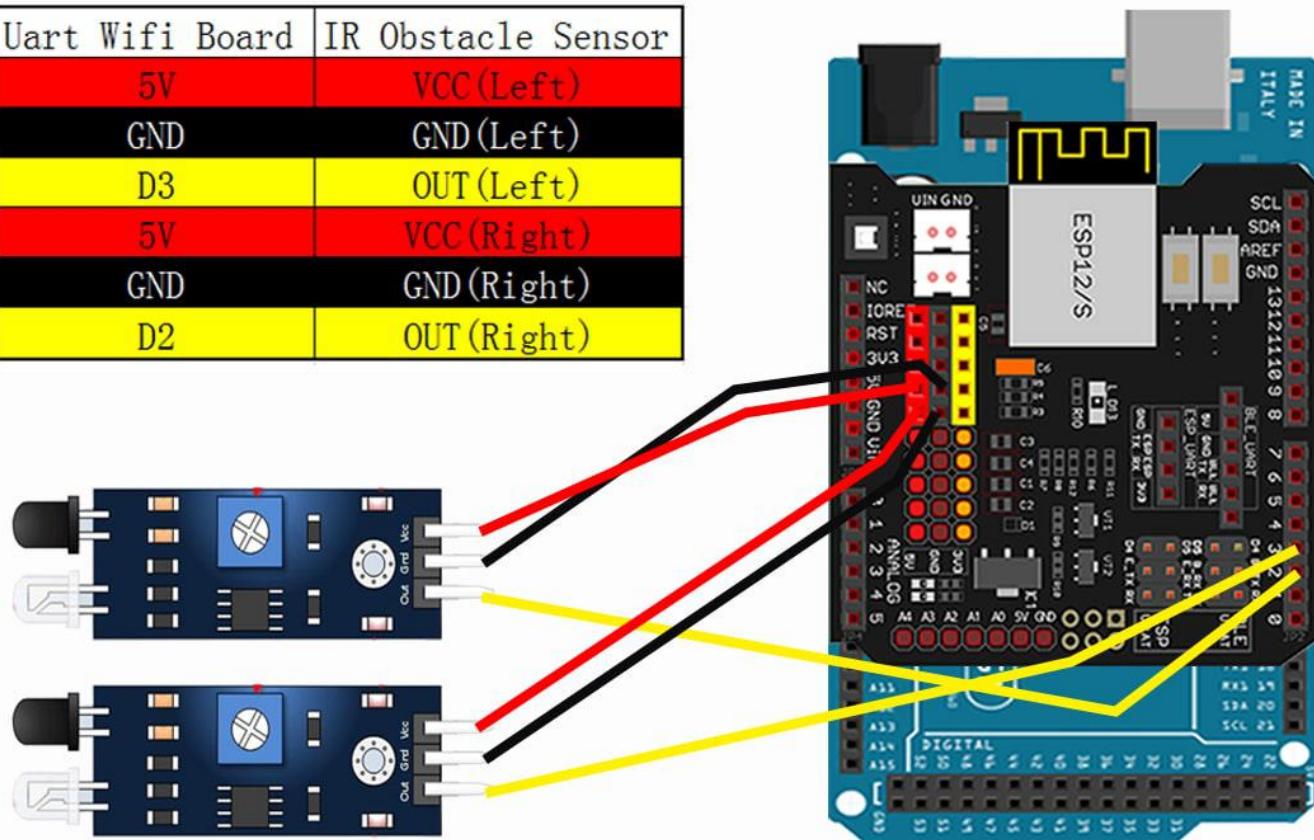
HARDWARE INSTALLATION

Step 1: Install the smart car basic framework as per Smart Car Lesson 1. If you have already completed installation in Lesson 1, just keep it as is.

Step 2: Connect 2pcs IR distance sensors modules as below connection diagram.

(Remember : DO NOT remove any existing wires installed in Lesson

Uart Wifi Board	IR Obstacle Sensor
5V	VCC(Left)
GND	GND(Left)
D3	OUT(Left)
5V	VCC(Right)
GND	GND(Right)
D2	OUT(Right)



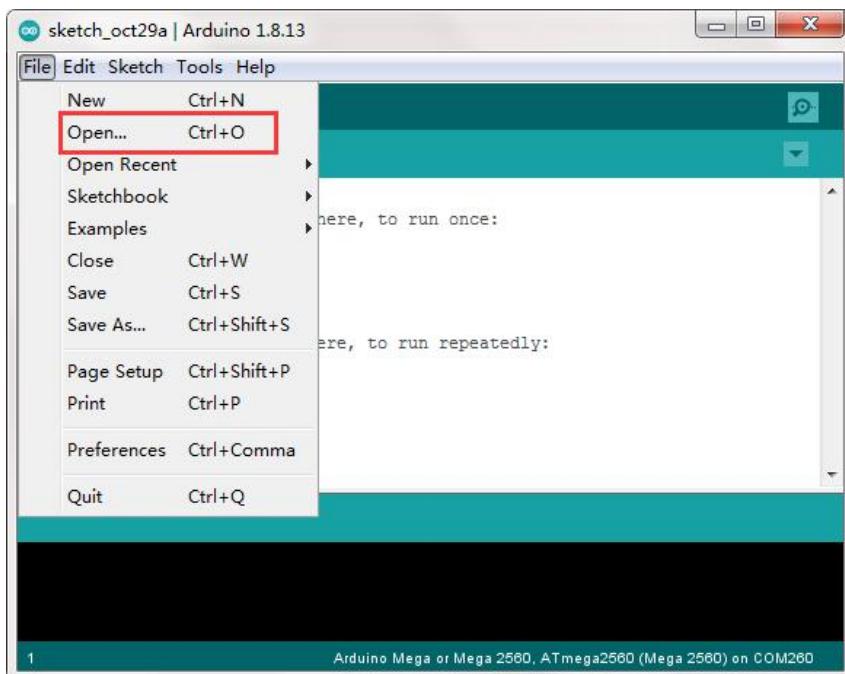
SOFTWARE INSTALLATION

Open-source Arduino Software(IDE)		Download Arduino IDE here: https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software?setlang=en
7 zip is a free zip utility that un-zips zip files		Download 7zip here for free https://www.7-zip.org/

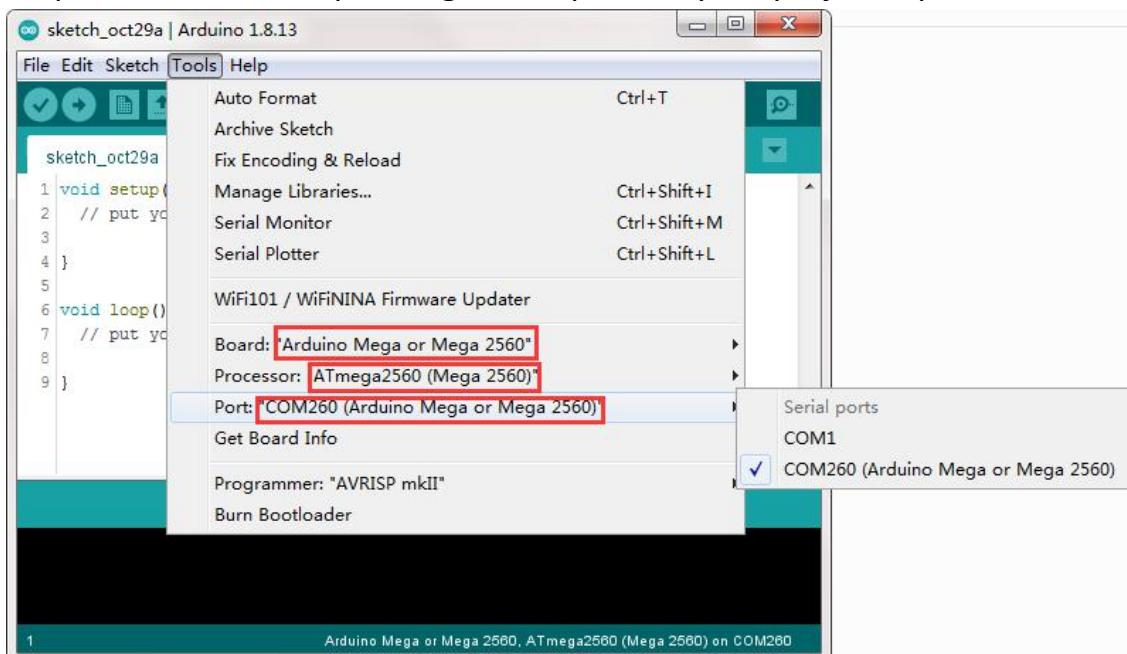
Step 1: Install latest Arduino IDE (If you have Arduino IDE version after 1.1.16, please skip this step). Download Arduino IDE from <https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software?setlang=en>, then install the software.

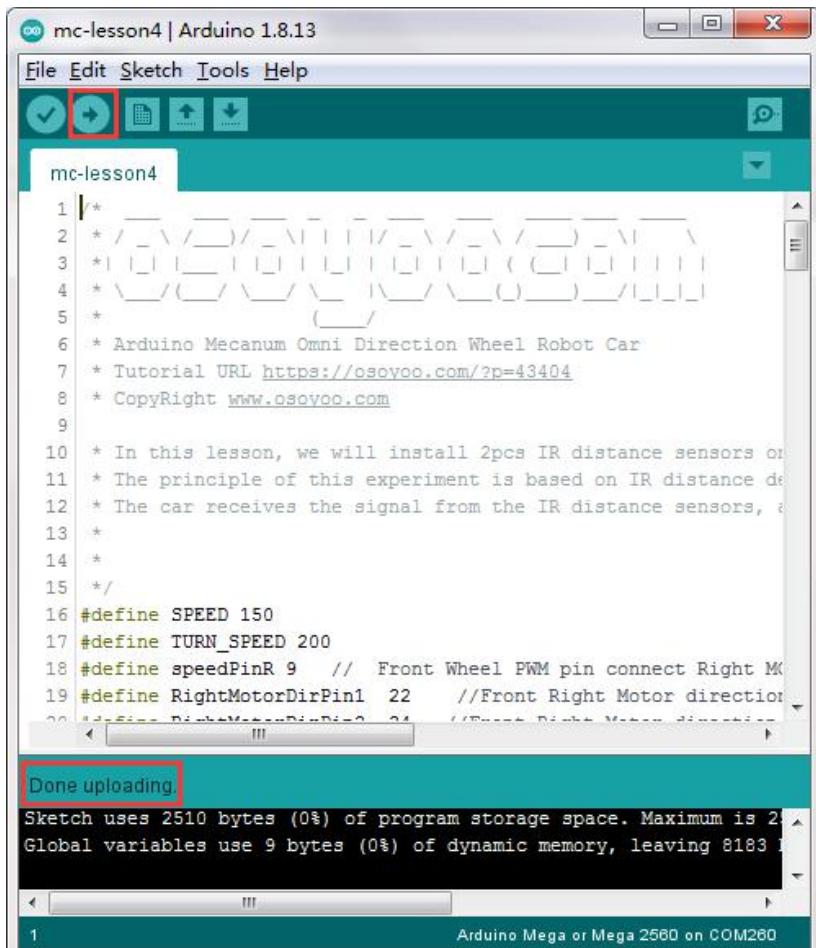
Step 2: Download https://osoyoo.com/driver/mecanum_acrylic_chassis_v2/mc-lesson4.zip, unzip the download zip file mc-lesson4.zip, you will see a folder called mc-lesson4.zip.

Step 3: Connect Mega2560 board to PC with USB cable, Open Arduino IDE → click file → click Open → choose code “lesson4.ino” in lesson4 folder, load the code into Arduino.



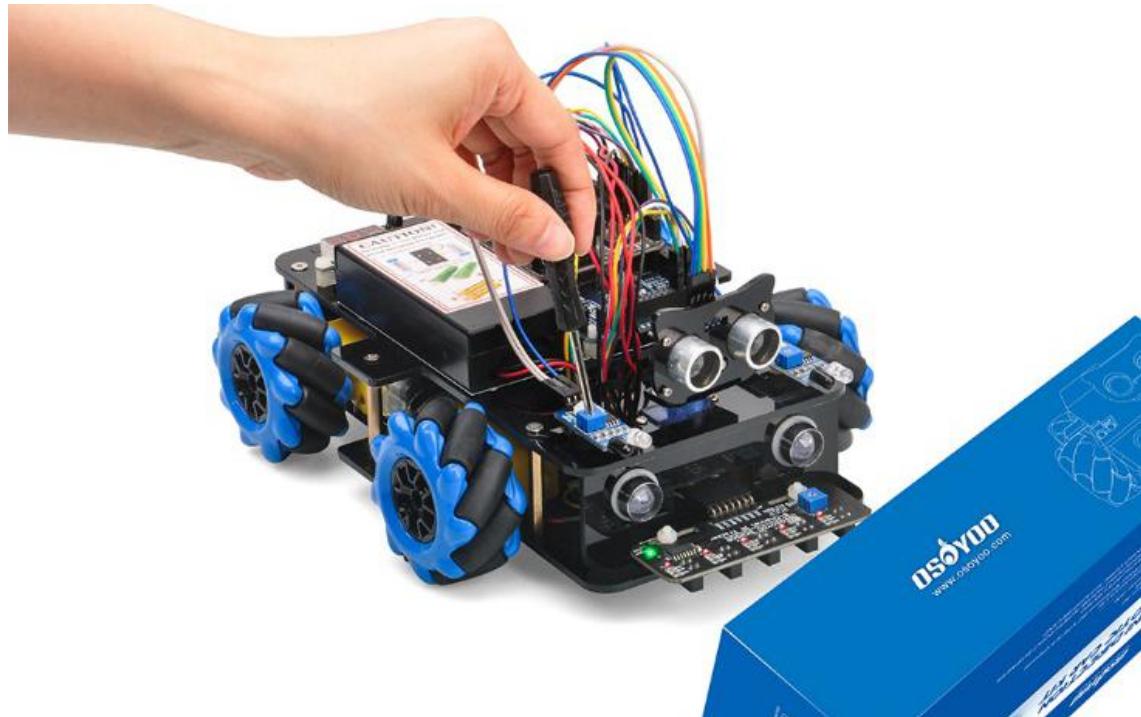
Step 4: Choose corresponding board/port for your project, upload the sketch to the board.





Step 5: Turn on the car, put object about 10 cm ahead of each IR distance sensors and adjust potentiometer on IR distance sensors to detect object or your hand.

Note: When these IR modules detect objects, both the power indicator and signal indicator are on. When No object is detected, only power indicator is on, signal indicator is off. If the signal indicator is always on even though there is no obstacle in front of the sensor, you need to adjust the potentiometer.



Turn on the car, place your hand ahead of the car, then the car will move towards your hand as if you pull it. It goes forward when both IR Obstacle Avoidance modules detect your hand; it turns right if only the right IR Obstacle Avoidance module detects object; it turns left if only the left IR distance sensor detects object.

When your hand is over 10 cm ahead, it will stop.

Lesson 5–Imitation Driving with Bluetooth

INTRODUCTION

In this lesson, we will use a mobile APP to control our robot car and make an imitation driving. Since it is a mock driving, we will use a virtual steering wheel and gear in our APP to imitate their counterparts in the real car.

PARTS & DEVICES

OSOYOO Mecanum wheels robotic car chassis x1

OSOYOO Wheels and motors x4 (left-wheels x2/right-wheels x2)

OSOYOO Mega2560 board fully compatible with Arduino UNO/Mega2560 x1

OSOYOO Uart Wifi shield x1

OSOYOO Model Y driver board x1

OSOYOO Voltage meter x1

OSOYOO Bluetooth modules x1

OSOYOO Battery box x1

OSOYOO 3pin female to female jumper wire x1

OSOYOO 6pin male to female jumper wire x2

OSOYOO 10pin male to female jumper wire x1

OSOYOO 2 pin XH.25 female to female x1

18650 Batteries(3.7V) x2

Battery charger x1

HARDWARE INSTALLATION

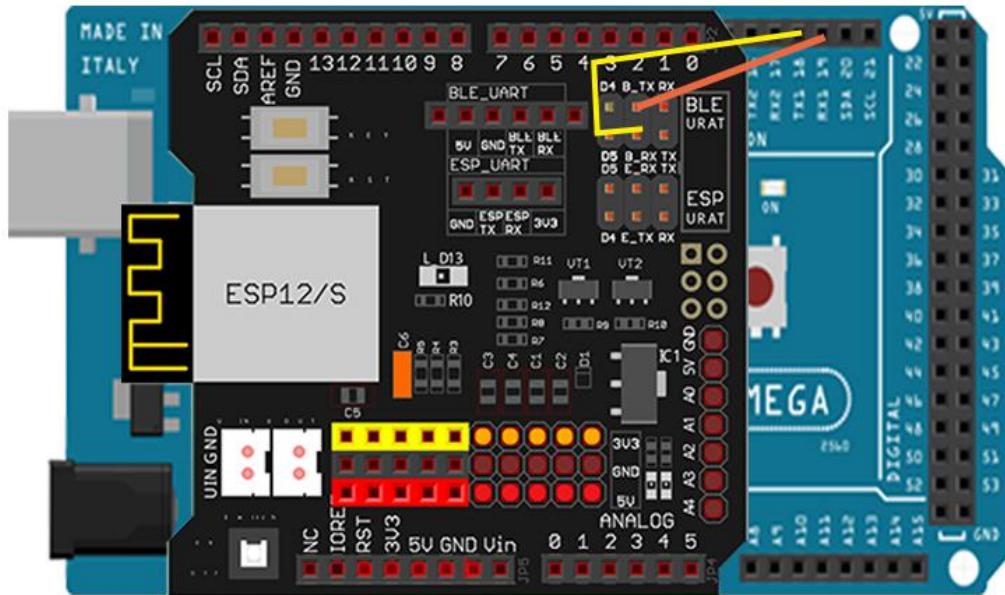
Step 1: You must complete lesson 1 (assembling the car) before you continue on with this lesson.

Step 2: Connect Bluetooth TX/RX ports to D19,D18 with jumper wires.

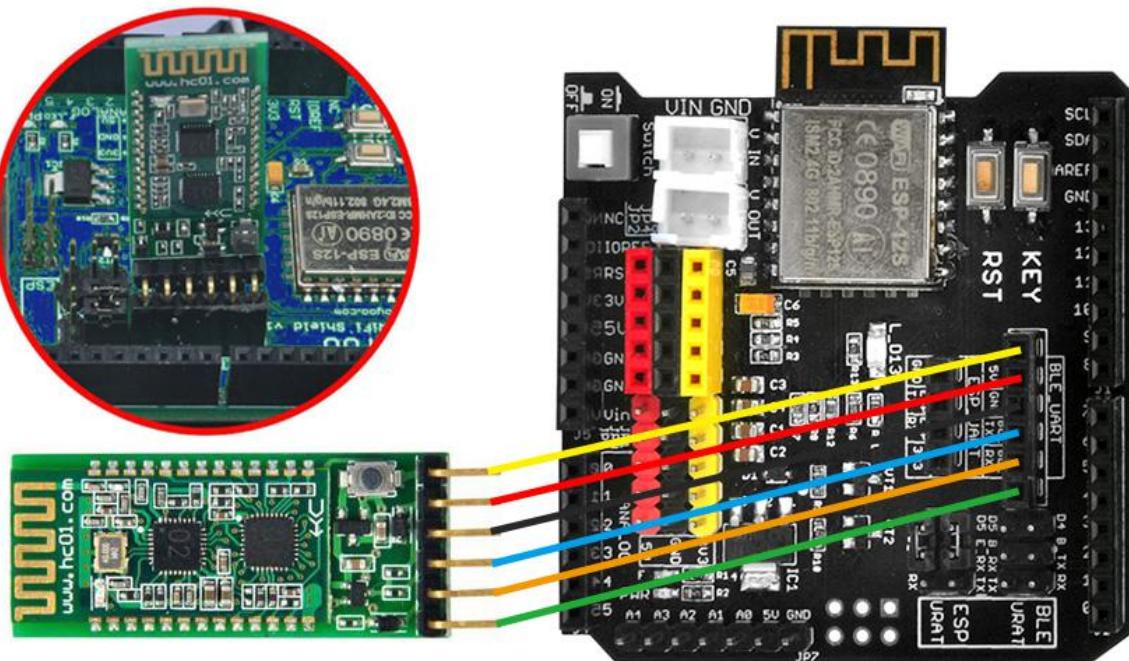
(Note: You need to split 2 pcs of male-to-female jumper wires from our 10-pc jumper wire bundle. Any color from the bundle will be ok. The rest of 8 pcs wires are as spare parts for potential broken or damaged wires.)

Uart Wifi Board	Arduino mega2560
B_TX	D19
B_RX	D18

2pin male to female wire

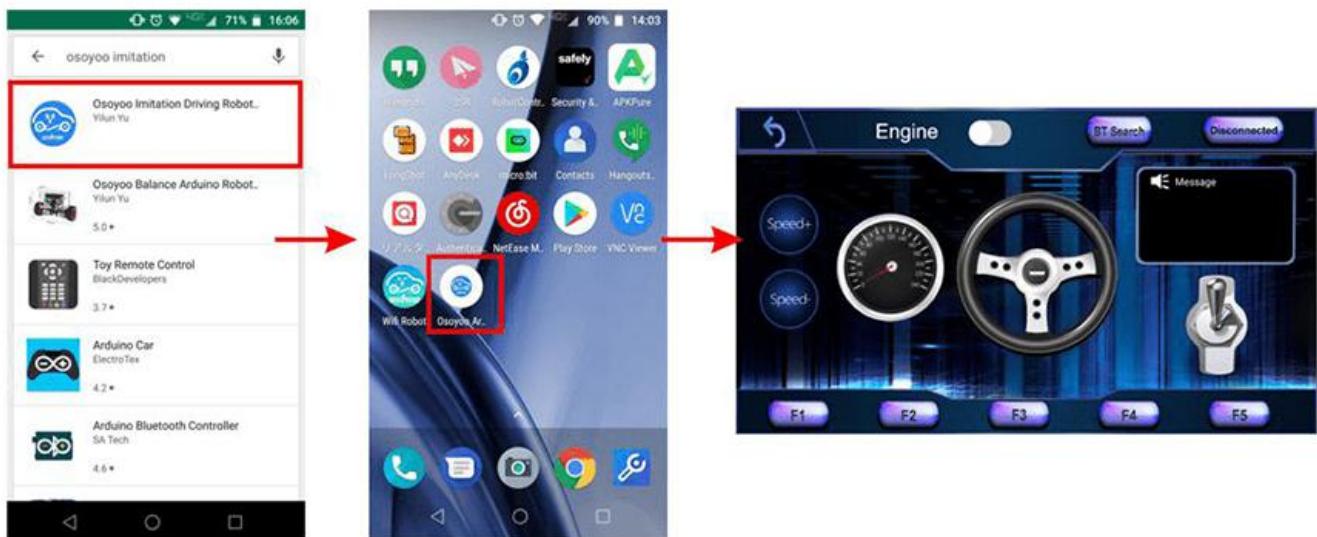


Step 3: Bluetooth Module should be inserted into Bluetooth 6-pin slot in OSOYOO Wi-Fi Board.



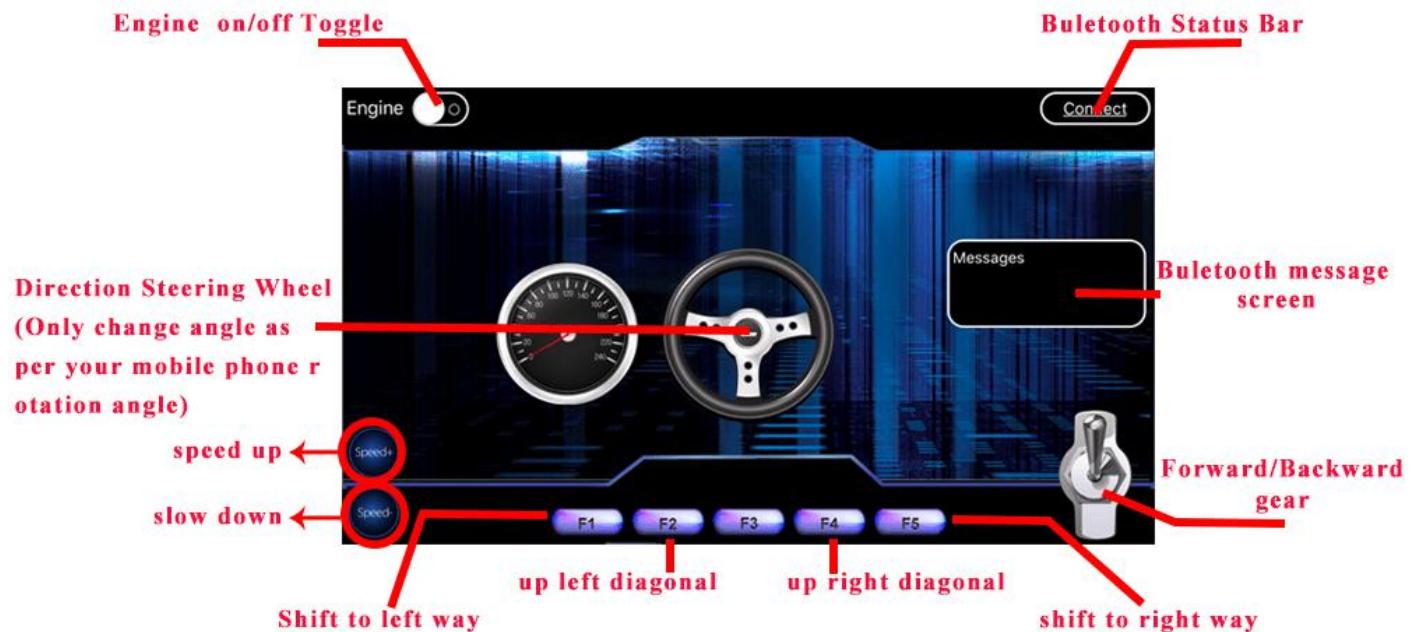
Step 4: Mobile APP:

Go to your Google Play or Apple APP store and search APP name “OSOYOO imitation driving”, Download the APP as following and install it in your smartphone.



- Connect HC-02 Bluetooth in Android phone. There is a BT Search button in Android APP: When click this button, you will see a Bluetooth device list which has been paired with your APP. Select HC-02 device to connect the car. Once HC-02 is connected, Bluetooth Status will change from Disconnected to Connected. You can only control your car when Bluetooth is connected.
- Connect HC-02 Bluetooth in iPhone/iPad, simply click Connect button, a HC-02 device will show up in a pop-up list. Click that HC-02 device to connect Bluetooth module to your iPhone. Then the Connect button will change name to Disconnect.

Control Interface



- **Engine toggle :** When Engine toggle is set to OFF (white), the car will stop and all buttons in the APP will be disabled. When Engine toggle is set to ON (red), the car will start to move. All other movement control buttons will activate.
- **Forward/Backward gear switch:** This gear switch can control the car is moving ahead or reverse like real car gear.
- **F1,F2,F3,F4,F5 customized button.** In this lesson, we only use the F3 key which pauses the car movement. The difference between F3 and Engine OFF button is that Engine OFF button when touched, all other buttons will be disabled. You should toggle Engine button again to enable other button. On the other hand, when F3 is clicked, the car will stop, but all other buttons are still active. Press F1 to Shift to left way, F2 to up left diagonal, F3 to pause, F4 to up right diagonal, F5 to shift to right way.
- **Direction Steering Wheel :** When you rotate your mobile phone angle, the steering wheel will change angle as per your mobile phone rotation angle. This will make your car change direction. For example, when the steering wheel makes clockwise rotation, the car will move to the left. Remember, the steering and Forward/Backward gear should work together same as you are driving a real car. For example, when you want to back your car to a right side parking lot, you need to set Gear to R position and rotate your steer to count-clockwise direction.
- **Speed+:** Make the robot car speed up
- **Speed-:** Make the robot car slow down

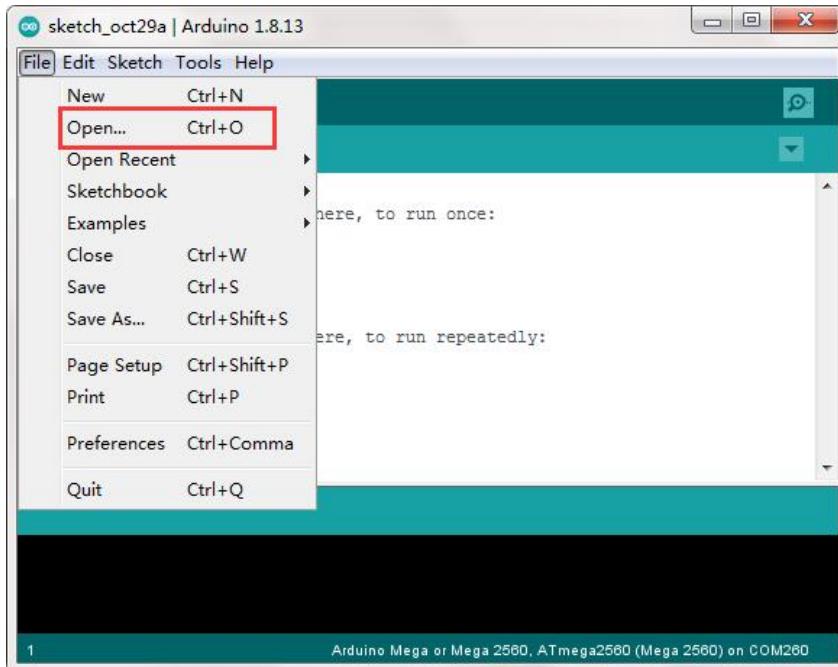
SOFTWARE INSTALLATION

Open-source Arduino Software(IDE)		Download Arduino IDE here: https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software?setlang=en
7 zip is a free zip utility that un-zips zip files		Download 7zip here for free https://www.7-zip.org/

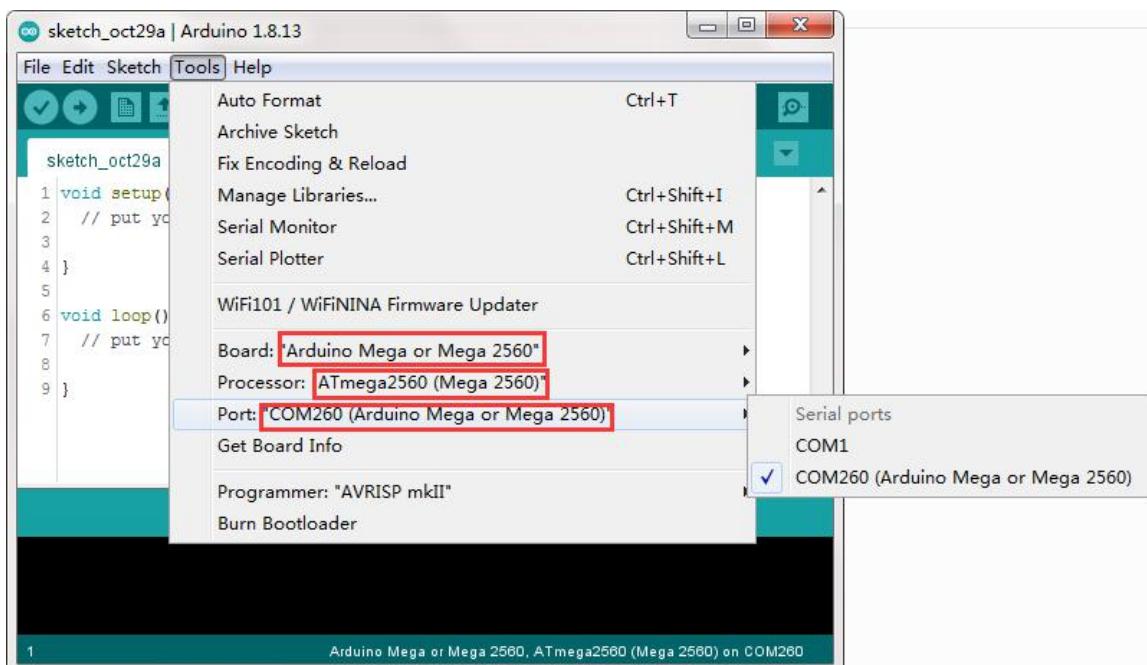
Step 1: Install latest Arduino IDE (If you have Arduino IDE version after 1.1.16, please skip this step). Download Arduino IDE from <https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software?setlang=en>, then install the software.

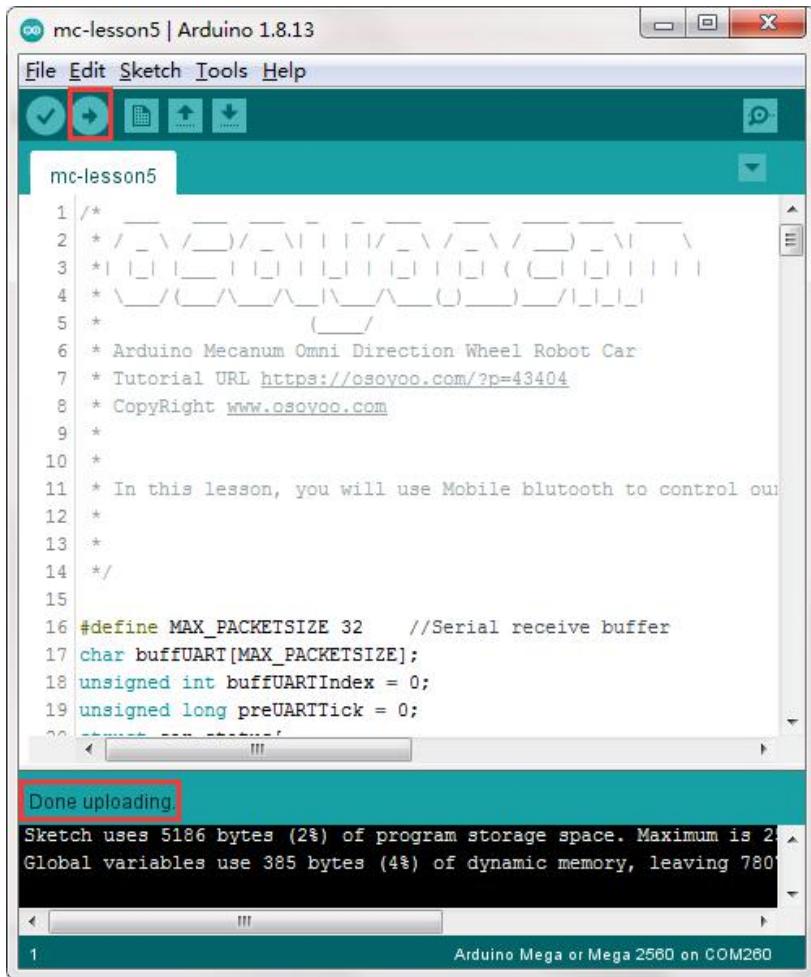
Step 2: Download https://osoyoo.com/driver/mecanum_acrylic_chassis_v2/mc-lesson5.zip, unzip the download zip file mc-lesson5.zip, you will see a folder called mc-lesson5.zip.

Step 3: Connect Mega2560 board to PC with USB cable, Open Arduino IDE → click file → click Open → choose code “lesson5.ino” in lesson5 folder, load the code into Arduino.



Step 4: Choose corresponding board/port for your project, upload the sketch to the board.





HOW TO PLAY

Now you have installed your hardware and software for this lesson, let's drive our car!

Step1) Put your robot car onto the ground and turn on the switch.

Step 2) Go to your mobile phone →Setting →Bluetooth setting and search a Bluetooth device called HC-02, pair it with code 1234.

Connect with Android device:

If you use an Android device and have not paired the Bluetooth module with your cell phone, please pair the Bluetooth module first before open the APP. In your cell phone Setting→Bluetooth, find a Bluetooth device called HC02, pair it with password 1234. After the Bluetooth HC02 device is paired, open the APP. Click BT Search Button to connect APP to HC02 device.

Connect with iOS device:

If you use iOS device, simply open the APP, click Connect button, you will see a Bluetooth list, select the HC02 device.

Step 3) Open OSOYOO imitation driving Robot APP, Click BT Search button and find the

Bluetooth you have paired

Step 4) Turn on Engine toggle, click Speed+ to make the robot speed up, as the robot car is very slow at first. When you rotate your mobile phone angle, your car will change direction.

Step 5) click Gear button to change gear to Forward or Backward direction.

Step 6) press F1 to Shift to left way, F5 to shift to right way, F2 to up left diagonal, F4 to up right diagonal, F3 to pause.

NOTICE

Motor Speed Tuning for better performance

To get better running performance result, motor power (speed) value should be adjusted properly as per battery level. If motor power (speed) value is too high, your car might run too fast and easy to out of control. If motor power (speed) is too low, the car might not even move.

To adjust the motor power value, you need to change the 3 constants line 27,28,29 in mecanum-2560-lesson4.ino sketch file:

```
#define MIN_SPEED 50
#define TURN_SPEED 70
#define SLOW_TURN_SPEED 50
#define BACK_SPEED 60
```

MIN_SPEED is the minimum power required to start the car. If when APP engine toggle is switched to RED, but your car does not move, you need to increase this value, if the car runs too fast at engine start moment, you need to reduce this value.

TURN_SPEED AND, SLOW_TURN_SPEED value determines the turning speed of your car. If your car turning too fast, you need to reduce these two values, if turning too slow or not turning, increase these two values. Always make SLOW_TURN_SPEED about 20 to 30 lower than TURN_SPEED value.

BACK_SPEED value determines the reverse back running speed.

After batteries are running low, you might need to increase the value of these 3 constants. You can gradually add or reduce 10 each time on these values and compare which values have best tracking performance.

Trouble Shooting:

We have a group of students, all our robot cars are using same bluetooth name “HC-02” which might conflict with each other in the same room. How to change the HC-02 name to other bluetooth name?

1) Wire Connection

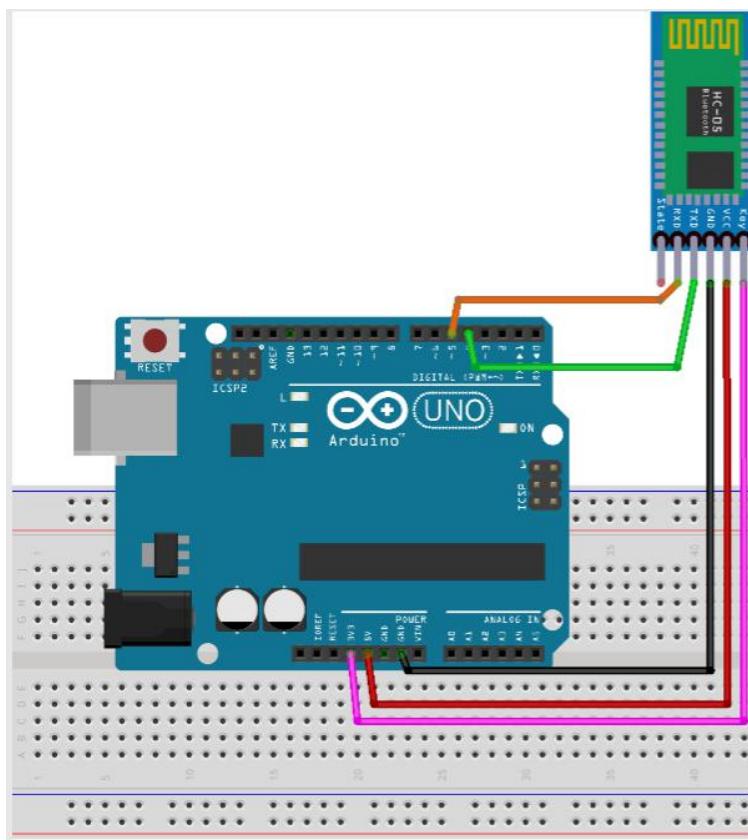
HC-02 TX → Arduino D4 (SoftwareSerial RX)

HC-02 RX ← Arduino D5 (SoftwareSerial TX)

HC-02 VCC → 5V

HC-02 GND → GND

HC-02 KEY / EN / STATE (depending on your module) → HIGH (3.3V or 5V)



2) Download Arduino AT command sketch from following link:

<https://osoyoo.com/driver/2wd/hc02.zip>

unzip above file, you will see a folder “hc02”, enter that folder and double click hc02.ino file to open it in Arduino IDE.

3) Test AT command in Serial Monitor

After you upload the hc02.ino code to Arduino, open your Arduino IDE Serial monitor, set baud rate to 9600, set line mode to No Line Ending as following:

Lesson 6 WiFi IoT Controlled Robot Car

INTRODUCTION

In this project, we will connect the Robot Car to Wi-Fi and Use an APP to control the car through Wi-Fi. This is a typical Internet of Things (IoT) Application.
Lesson 1, Lesson 2, Lesson 3 must be completed before doing this lesson.

PARTS & DEVICES

OSOYOO Mecanum wheels robotic car chassis x1
OSOYOO Wheels and motors x4 (left-wheels x2/right-wheels x2)
OSOYOO Mega2560 board fully compatible with Arduino UNO/Mega2560 x1
OSOYOO Uart Wifi shield x1
OSOYOO Model Y driver board x1
OSOYOO Voltage meter x1
OSOYOO Battery box x1
OSOYOO 3pin female to female jumper wire x1
OSOYOO 6pin male to female jumper wire x2
OSOYOO 10pin male to female jumper wire x1
OSOYOO 2 pin XH.25 female to female x1
18650 Batteries(3.7V) x2
Battery charger x1

HARDWARE INSTALLATION

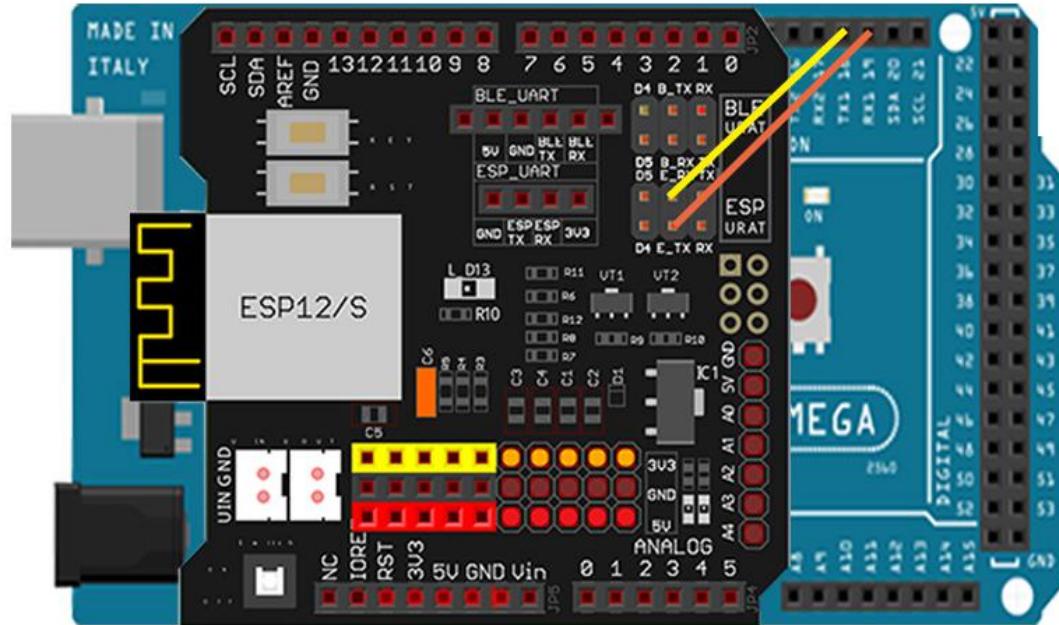
If you just finish all lesson 1-3 and lesson 5 (Bluetooth imitation driver), please keep all lesson connections same as is. Then unplug Bluetooth from Wi-Fi Shield.

Step 1. Remove the connection B_TX to D18 and B_RX to D19.

Step 2. Connect E_RX to D18(TX1) and E_TX to D19(RX1).

Only the B_ends need to be unplugged. The TX and RX pin order is reversed from Bluetooth.

Uart Wifi Board	Arduino mega2560
E_TX	D19
E_RX	D18

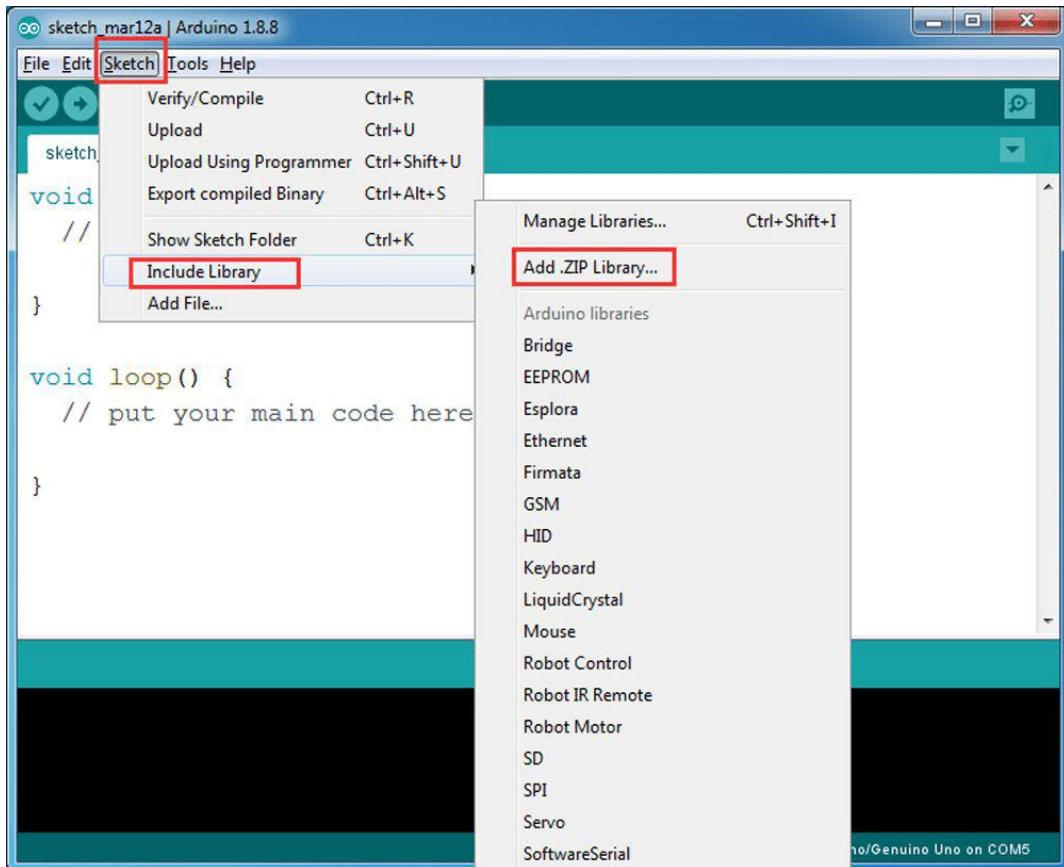


SOFTWARE INSTALLATION

Open-source Arduino Software(IDE)		Download Arduino IDE here: https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software?setlang=en
7 zip is a free zip utility that un-zips zip files		Download 7zip here for free https://www.7-zip.org/

Step 1: Install latest Arduino IDE (If you have Arduino IDE version after 1.1.16, please skip this step). Download Arduino IDE from <https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software?setlang=en>, then install the software.

Step 2: Please download the library zip file from WiFiEsp-master.zip. Open Arduino IDE → click Sketch → Include Library → Add .ZIP library, then load above zip file into Arduino.



Step 3: Download https://osoyoo.com/driver/mecanum_acrylic_chassis_v2/mc-lesson6.zip, unzip the download zip file mc-lesson6.zip, you will see a folder called mc-lesson6.

Step 4: search "Osoyoo IoT UDP Robot APP" in Google Play or Apple Store (If you can not find this APP in Google Play,

If you can not find OSOYOO IoT UDP Robot APP from Google Play Store, you can directly download the APP from following link:

<https://osoyoo.com/driver/udp-app.apk>

Android Phone



Apple iOS



Step 5: Arduino Sketch code Installation:

Unzip the downloaded file, enter the mc-lesson6 folder, you will see two sub-folder : mc-lesson6A and mc-lesson6B.

These two folders have program for two Wi-Fi modes:STA mode and AP mode. The Arduino sketches for these two modes are different. Let's explain these two modes one by one.

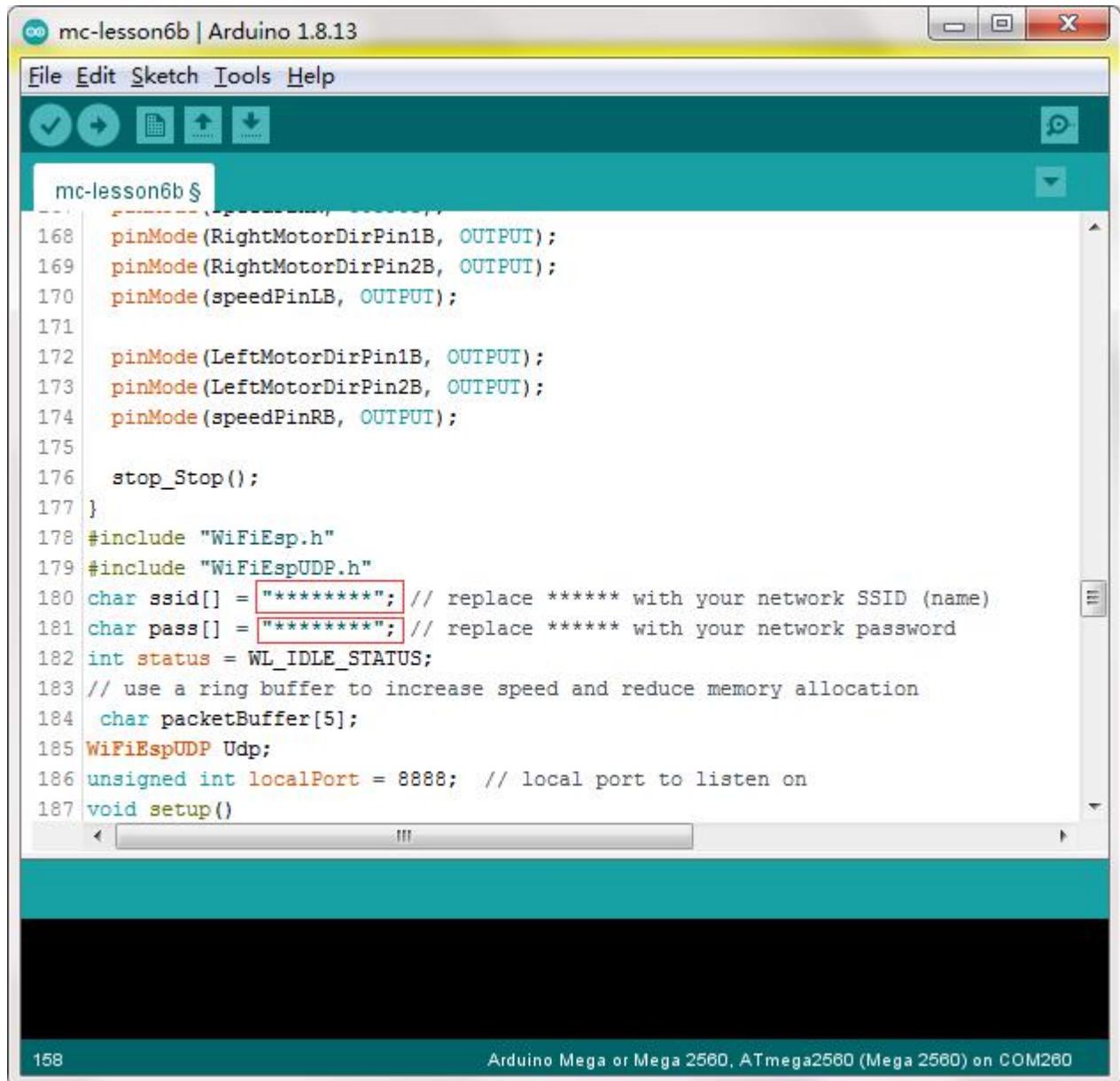
—*STA MODE* —

In STA mode, robot car does not work as a Wi-Fi hotspot. Instead, it will become an internet node in your LAN. You need to tell Arduino sketch what is your local router's Wi-Fi SSID and password, then Arduino talks to the router and get its own LAN IP address from DHCP server. You can use a Mobile APP to access the robot car's IP address and control its movement.

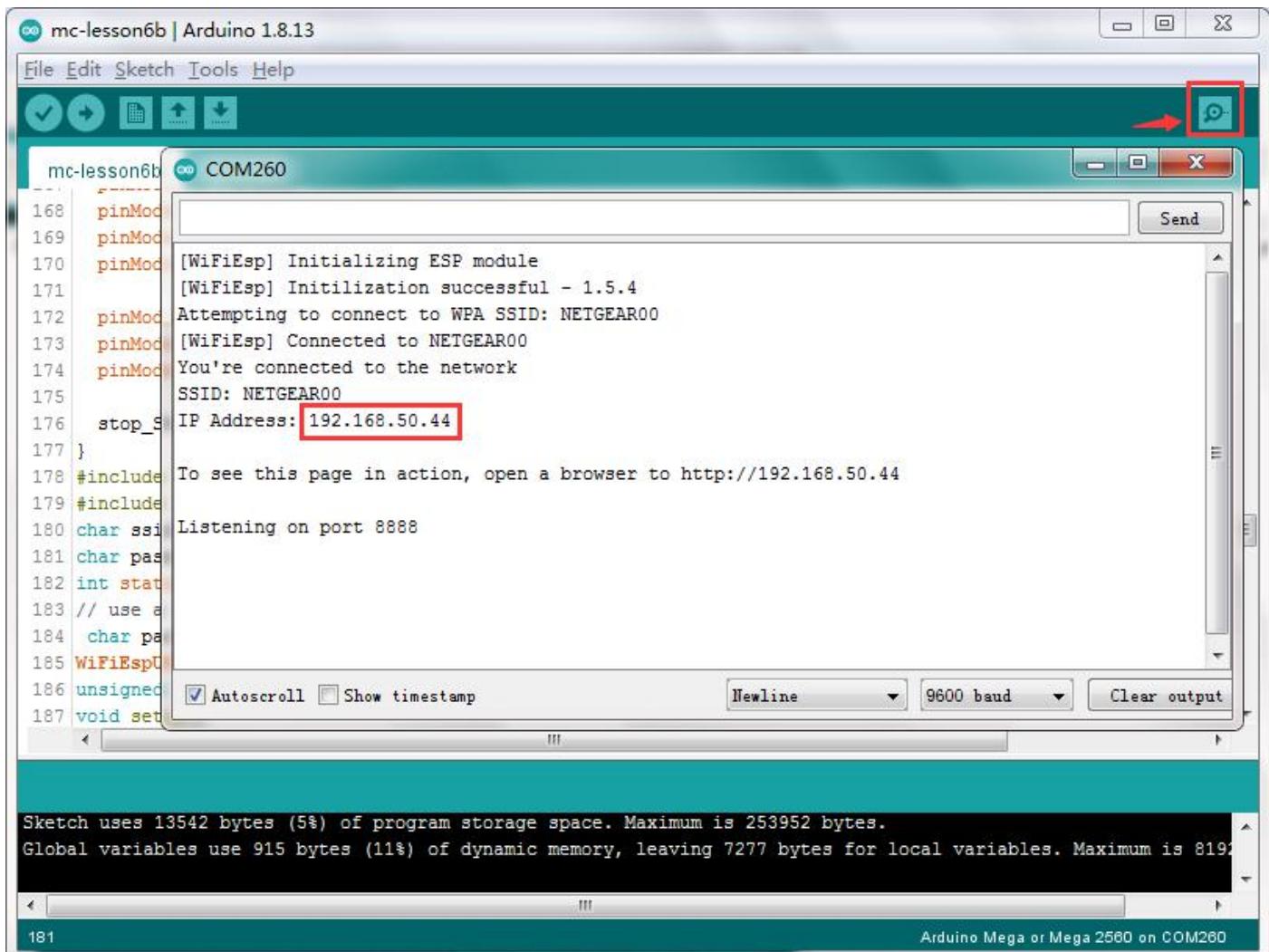
(1) Unzip the mc-lesson6 file, you will see a folder named mc-lesson6b, then load the mc-lesson6b.ino code into Arduino.

(2) You need to change the code Line 180 and Line 181 :

```
char ssid[] = "YOUR_ROUTER_SSID"; // replace this with your router wifi SSID  
char pass[] = "YOUR_ROUTER_WIFI_PASSWORD"; // replace with your wifi password
```



```
mc-lesson6b | Arduino 1.8.13
File Edit Sketch Tools Help
mc-lesson6b §
168 pinMode(RightMotorDirPin1B, OUTPUT);
169 pinMode(RightMotorDirPin2B, OUTPUT);
170 pinMode(speedPinLB, OUTPUT);
171
172 pinMode(LeftMotorDirPin1B, OUTPUT);
173 pinMode(LeftMotorDirPin2B, OUTPUT);
174 pinMode(speedPinRB, OUTPUT);
175
176 stop_Stop();
177 }
178 #include "WiFiEsp.h"
179 #include "WiFiEspUDP.h"
180 char ssid[] = "*****"; // replace ***** with your network SSID (name)
181 char pass[] = "*****"; // replace ***** with your network password
182 int status = WL_IDLE_STATUS;
183 // use a ring buffer to increase speed and reduce memory allocation
184 char packetBuffer[5];
185 WiFiEspUDP Udp;
186 unsigned int localPort = 8888; // local port to listen on
187 void setup()
188 {
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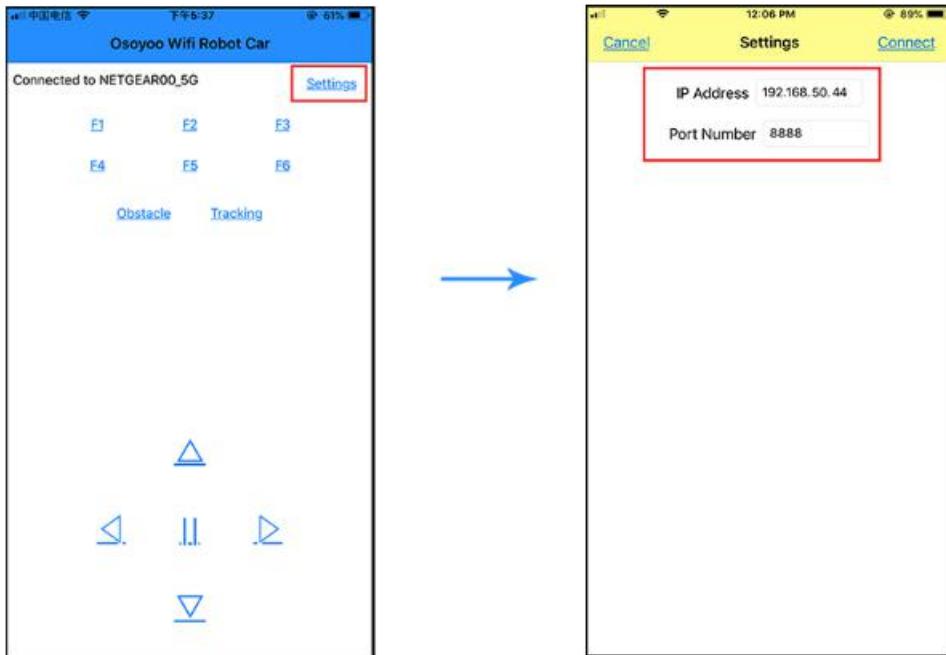
```
mc-lesson6b | Arduino 1.8.13
File Edit Sketch Tools Help
COM260
168 pinMod
169 pinMod
170 pinMod
171 [WiFiEsp] Initializing ESP module
172 [WiFiEsp] Initialization successful - 1.5.4
173 pinMod
174 pinMod
175 pinMod
176 pinMod
177 [WiFiEsp] Attempting to connect to WPA SSID: NETGEAR00
178 [WiFiEsp] Connected to NETGEAR00
179 You're connected to the network
180 SSID: NETGEAR00
181 IP Address: 192.168.50.44
182 To see this page in action, open a browser to http://192.168.50.44
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Autoscroll  Show timestamp
Newline 9600 baud Clear output

Sketch uses 13542 bytes (5%) of program storage space. Maximum is 253952 bytes.
Global variables use 915 bytes (11%) of dynamic memory, leaving 7277 bytes for local variables. Maximum is 8192 bytes.

181
Arduino Mega or Mega 2560 on COM260
```

(4))In this mode, you will see an IP address, which is our LAN IP address assigned by my router. Please write down this IP address 192.168.0.117 and click Setting to set up robot IP address and set this IP address 192.168.0.117 to your APP Setting section (see circle 2 in following picture) no need to change default port 8888 in APP.



(5) Now your Robot car is connected to your LAN, you can use Mobile phone under the same LAN to control the robot car. If your APP is in WAN, you need to go to your Router Control Panel, forward Port 80 to Robot car LAN IP address, then you can use Router IP to control the car. This feature makes our robot car A REAL INTERNET OF THING device.

(6) You can click the **◀ ▶ ▲ ▼** direction keys to make the car move. Use “**||**” pause key to stop the car movement.

Click Obstacle to shift left side, Click Tracking to shift right side.

Click F1 to make upper-left diagonal movement, Click F3 to make upper-right diagonal movement.

Click F4 to make back-left diagonal movement, Click F6 to make back-right diagonal movement.

— *AP MODE* —

When working in AP mode, our robot car itself will become a Wi-Fi Hot Spot. Our cell phone can connect to Robot Car as its Wi-Fi client. The IP address of Robot is fixed as 192.168.4.1. In this case, both the robot car and your cell phone are not connected to WAN.

(1) Unzip the mc-lesson6.zip file, you will see a folder named mc-lesson6A, upload the code into Arduino.

(2) Open your Arduino Serial monitor, and you will see a similar result as AP mode. A new Wi-Fi SSID “osoyoo_robot” with IP address 192.168.4.1 will show up in the window. This means your Robot car has a Wi-Fi Hot Spot name “osoyoo_robot”, its IP address is 192.168.4.1

mc-lesson6a | Arduino 1.8.13

File Edit Sketch Tools Help

mc-lesson6a

```

1  /*
2  * / \
3  *|_|_|_|_|
4  * \_/_/|_|
5  *
6  * Arduino
7  * Tutorial
8  * CopyRi
9  *
10 * In thi
11 *
12 */
13 #define S
14 #define T
15 #define S
16
17 #define T
18 #define M
19
20 #define S
21 #define R

```

COM260

[WiFiEsp] Initializing ESP module
 [WiFiEsp] Initialization successful - 1.5.4
 Attempting to start AP osoyoo_robot
 [WiFiEsp] Access point started osoyoo_robot
 You're connected to the network
 SSID:
 IP Address: 192.168.4.1

To see this page in action, open a browser to <http://192.168.4.1>
 Listening on port 8888

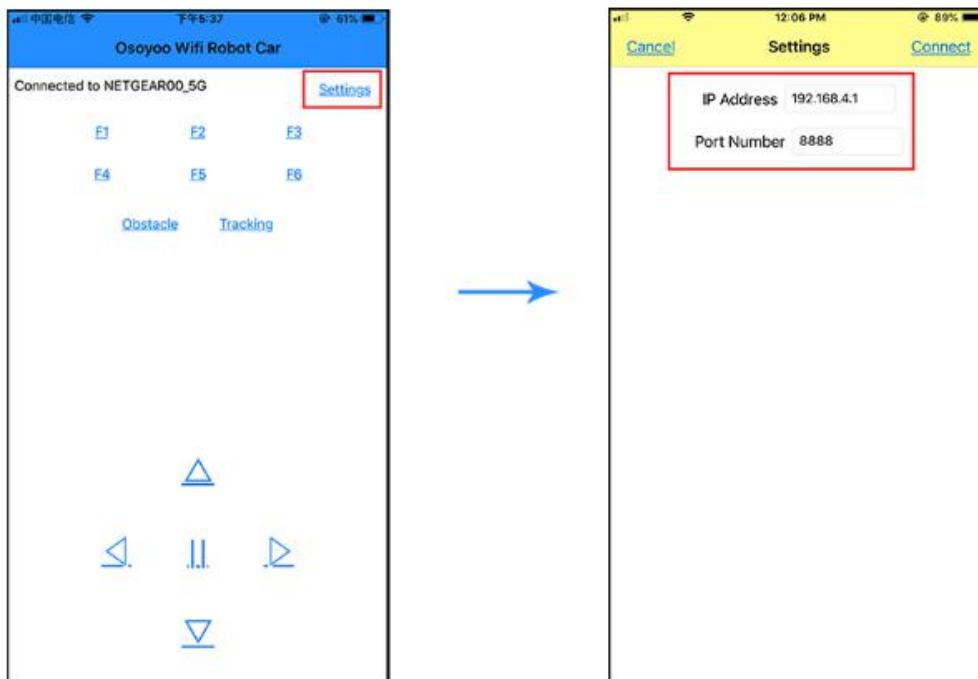
Autoscroll Show timestamp Newline 9600 baud Clear output

Done compiling.

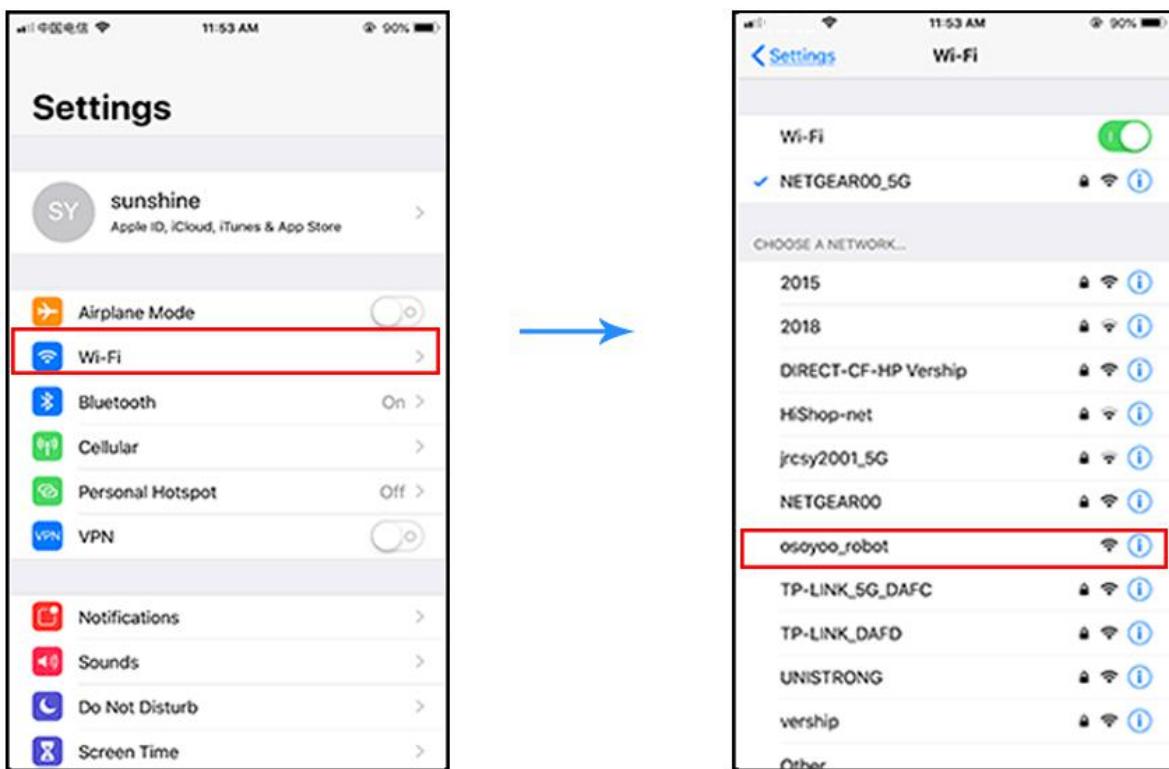
Sketch uses 13584 bytes (5%) of program storage space. Maximum is 253952 bytes.
 Global variables use 899 bytes (10%) of dynamic memory, leaving 7293 bytes for local variables. Maximum is 8192 bytes.

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(3)Now your Robot car become a Wi-Fi Hot Spot and set IP address as "192.168.4.1" to your APP Setting section.



(4)Connect your cell phone to “osooyoo_robot” wifi hot_spot, and you can use the Mobile phone to control the robot car.



(5) You can click the **◀ ▶ ▲ ▼** direction keys to make the car move. Use “**||**” pause key to stop the car movement.

Click Obstacle to shift left side, Click Tracking to shift right side.

Click F1 to make upper-left diagonal movement, Click F3 to make upper-right diagonal movement

Click F4 to make back-left diagonal movement, Click F6 to make back-right diagonal movement.

FAQ about the Wifi UDP APP and sketch Code:

Q1) How to tune the robot car speed?

A: If you want to change the speed performance of the robot car, please following parameters in line 11 to 13:

```
#define SPEED 85
#define TURN_SPEED 90
#define SHIFT_SPEED 130
```

SPEED value determines forward moving speed

TURN_SPEED value determines turning speed

SHIFT_SPEED value determines parallel shifting speed

Q 2)What happened when you press buttons in OSOYOO WiFi UDP Robot Car APP ?

A: When you press a button of the APP, APP will send a single-letter message through UDP protocol to target device (in this example, our WIFI Shield)

Button	UDP message
F1	F
F2	G
F3	H
F4	I
F5	J
F6	K
▲	A
▼	B
►	R
◀	L
square	E
F7	O
F8	T

Q3)How does Arduino handle the UDP command?

Line 230 to line 245 in mecanum-2560-lesson5A.ino file are the codes which react to Cell phone command. For example, when ▲ is pressed, according to Q1 table, a letter "A" command was sent from Cell phone to Arduino. Line 233 case "A" statement will make the car make car moving forward.

```
char c=packetBuffer[0];
switch (c) //serial control instructions
{
  case 'A':go_advance(SPEED);;break;
  case 'L':left_turn(TURN_SPEED);break;
  case 'R':right_turn(TURN_SPEED);break;
  case 'B':go_back(SPEED);break;
  case 'E':stop_Stop();break;
  case 'F':left_shift(0,150,0,150);break; //left ahead
  case 'H':right_shift(180,0,150,0);break; //right ahead
  case 'I':left_shift(150,0,150,0); break;//left back
  case 'K':right_shift(0,130,0,130); break;//right back
  case 'O':left_shift(200,150,150,200); break;//left shift
  case 'T':right_shift(200,200,200,200); break;//left shift
  default:break;
}
```